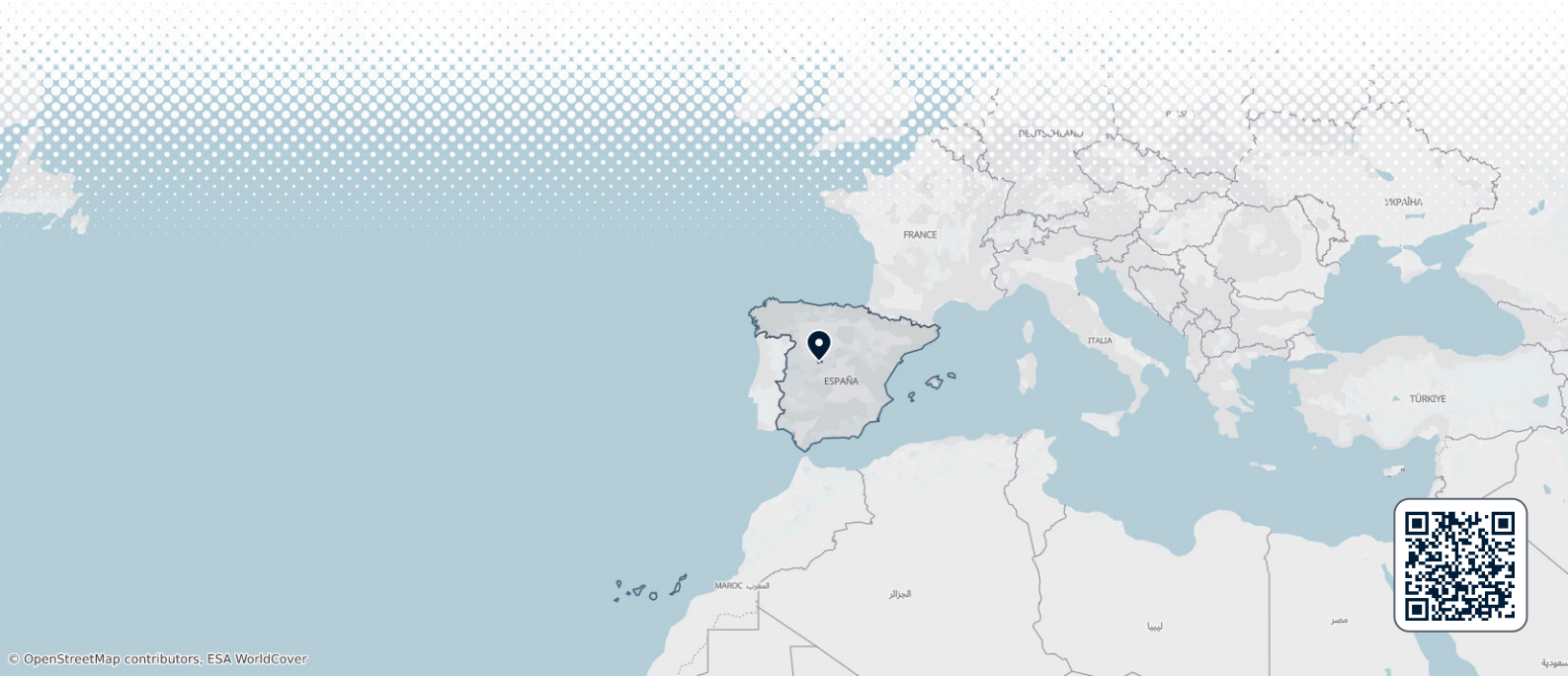


Avila

Castile and León · Spain

TRAVEL GUIDE

Tripomatic



Overview

Ávila is a small walled city in central Spain, about 110 km west of Madrid. Its medieval walls are among the best preserved in Europe, and the old town inside them is a UNESCO World Heritage Site.

It is also the city of Saint Teresa, a 16th-century mystic, and has several churches and convents linked to her. It suits a half day to a full day from Madrid.

When to visit

Late spring and early autumn are the best seasons, with sunny, warm days. Summers are hot in the day but cool at night. Winters are cold, with frost and sometimes snow, because the city is at about 1,130 meters above sea level.

The feast of Saint Teresa on 15 October is the main festival, and Holy Week is also marked.

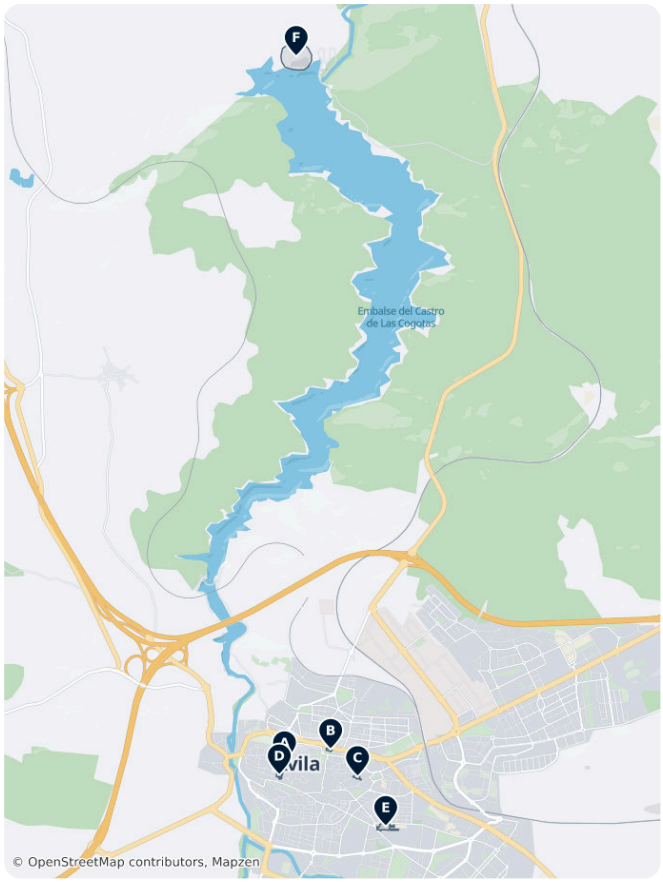
MONTH	CONDITIONS	DAY °C avg / max	NIGHT °C avg / min	
January	Poor Poor for sightseeing	7° / 13° Feels like 3°	-1° / -6°	Dry air
February	Poor Poor for sightseeing	9° / 15° Feels like 5°	0° / -5°	Dry air
March	Poor Poor for sightseeing	12° / 19° Feels like 8°	1° / -4°	Dry air
April	Fair Fair for sightseeing	15° / 23° Feels like 11°	4° / -2°	Dry air
May	Great Great for sightseeing	20° / 28° Feels like 17°	7° / 1°	Dry air · Calm winds
June	Great Great for sightseeing	26° / 33°	12° / 6°	21 sunny days · Dry air · Calm winds · UV 8 (Very high)
July	Great Great for sightseeing	30° / 35°	14° / 9°	28 sunny days · Dry air · Calm winds · UV 9 (Very high)
August	Great Great for sightseeing	30° / 35°	15° / 9°	25 sunny days · Dry air · Calm winds
September	Great Great for sightseeing	24° / 31°	11° / 6°	Dry air · Calm winds
October	Good Good for sightseeing	18° / 26° Feels like 15°	7° / 2°	Dry air
November	Poor Poor for sightseeing	11° / 18° Feels like 7°	2° / -3°	Dry air
December	Poor Poor for sightseeing	8° / 14° Feels like 4°	0° / -4°	Dry air

Best months: May, June, July, August, September

Climate data: NASA POWER (MERRA-2) · 1996–2025

Top sights

- A Murallas de Ávila are the medieval walls, about 2.5 km long, with many towers and nine gates. You can walk along part of the top.
- The cathedral is built into the walls, and its apse forms part of the defenses.
- B Basílica de San Vicente is a Romanesque basilica outside the walls with a carved portal.
- C Monasterio de San José is the first convent founded by Saint Teresa, in 1562.
- D Convento de Santa Teresa stands on the site of her birth, with a small museum.
- E Real Monasterio de Santo Tomás is a royal monastery with three cloisters and a tomb of a prince.
- F Castro de Las Cogotas is an Iron Age hill fort from the Vettones people, outside the city.



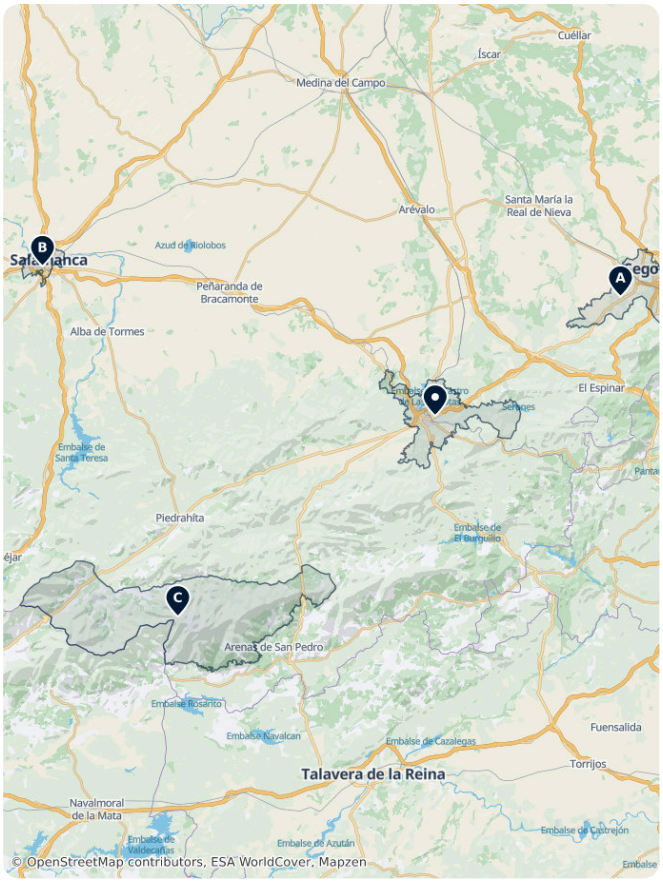
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What to experience

- Walk along the top of the walls for views of the old town and the surrounding plain.
- Go to the Cuatro Postes viewpoint across the river at sunset to see the walls lit up.
- Try *yemas de Santa Teresa*, a sweet made from egg yolks and sugar.

Day trips

- A Segovia (about 65 km, 1 hour by car): a Roman aqueduct and a fairy-tale castle.
- B Salamanca (about 100 km, 1.5 hours by car): a golden sandstone university city.
- **Madrid** (about 110 km, 1 to 1.5 hours by train or bus): the capital.
- C Sierra de Gredos: a mountain range south of the city, with hiking.



Where to explore

Other places in Castile and León:

- **Old cities**: Segovia, Salamanca and Valladolid.
- **Cathedral cities**: Burgos, León and Palencia.
- **Mountains**: Sierra de Gredos.

Getting there

- **By air**: There is no commercial airport. Madrid airport is the closest, about 2 hours away.
- **By train**: Regional trains run from Madrid and take about 1.5 hours. Book on Renfe.
- **By bus**: Coaches run from Madrid and Salamanca, and the bus station is close to the old town.

Getting around

- **On foot**: The old town is small and mostly flat, and most sights are within 10 to 15 minutes' walk. Some streets near the walls are steep.
- **Cycling**: Cycling is possible but not common, and the town is hilly.

Getting around on foot & by bike

WALKABILITY

High

The old town is small and most sights are within 10 to 15 minutes' walk, though some streets are steep.

CYCLING INFRASTRUCTURE

Low

The town is hilly and has few bike lanes.

Driving

- **Is a car worth it?**: Not for the old town. A car helps for the Sierra de Gredos and nearby villages.
- **Parking**: Use a car park outside the walls.
- **Restrictions**: Access by car to the old town is limited.

Food & drink

Ávila is known for its beef, especially the large *chuletón* (T-bone steak), and for roast lamb. In the winter the food is hearty, with beans and stews.

The local sweet is *yemas de Santa Teresa*, which you can buy at pastry shops in the old town.

What to eat & drink

BREAKFAST

Churros · Churros con Chocolate
Fried dough sticks served with a thick, dark hot chocolate for dipping — a classic Spanish breakfast or late-night snack.

LUNCH

Paella Valenciana
A saffron-scented rice dish cooked in a wide, shallow pan. The traditional Valencian version uses chicken, rabbit, and green beans — best eaten at midday.

Gazpacho
A cold, blended soup of raw tomatoes, cucumber, pepper, garlic, olive oil, and vinegar, originally from Andalusia. Served as a drink or a starter, especially in summer.

DINNER

Pulpo a la Gallega
Boiled octopus sliced onto a wooden board and dressed with olive oil, coarse salt, and smoked paprika — a signature dish of Galicia.

SNACKS & STREET FOOD

Jamón Ibérico
Dry-cured ham from acorn-fed Iberian pigs, sliced paper-thin and eaten on its own or with bread. The finest grade, jamón ibérico de bellota, is one of Spain's most prized products.

Tortilla Española
A thick potato and egg omelette, served warm or at room temperature, found in virtually every bar in Spain. Often eaten as a tapa or a quick meal.

Patatas Bravas
Fried potato chunks served with a spicy tomato sauce or aioli — one of the most common tapas across the country.

Pintxos
Small snacks anchored to slices of bread with a toothpick, the Basque Country's answer to tapas. Found in bar counters across San Sebastián and Bilbao, often with elaborate toppings.

Croquetas
Crispy breaded cylinders with a creamy béchamel filling, typically made with jamón, bacalà (salt cod), or mushrooms.

DRINKS

Rioja Wine · Vino de Rioja

Spain's best-known wine region produces full-bodied reds from Tempranillo grapes, aged in oak. The crianza, reserva, and gran reserva labels indicate increasing age and complexity.

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Safety & health

Ávila is a very safe town. The altitude means strong sun in summer and cold nights, so bring sun protection and warm layers. The walls can be slippery when wet or frozen, so take care if you walk on them.

History

Ávila was settled by the Vettones, an Iron Age people, and later held by the Romans and Moors. The walls were built from the 11th century, after the town was retaken by Christian kings.

Saint Teresa of Ávila was born here in 1515 and founded a reformed branch of the Carmelite order. The old town was listed by UNESCO in 1985.

Country facts

Quick practical facts for Spain at a glance:

CURRENCY

EUR €

EMERGENCY

112

ELECTRICITY



Type C / Type F
230 V · 50 Hz

LANGUAGES

Spanish

TAP WATER

Safe to drink

Ávila's Absolute Essentials

Ávila is defined by its 11th-century medieval walls, a 2.5-kilometer circuit featuring 82 towers and nine gates. This collection highlights the city's religious significance as the birthplace of Saint Teresa, including her namesake convent and the Romanesque Basílica de San Vicente. Key sites range from the Gothic Real Monasterio de Santo Tomás, once a royal summer residence, to the panoramic Los Cuatro Postes viewpoint. The city's architectural heritage is further represented by Renaissance palaces and the Roman bridge spanning the Adaja River.





A Walls of Ávila

Walls of Ávila is an astonishing example of a well-preserved medieval fort - 2,5km long and consisting of two gates and 82 towers, it is...

1 Calle de Jimena Blázquez, Ávila 05001, Spain
(40.65680, -4.70185)

muralladeavila.com/en/, +34 920 35 00 00



B San Vincente Ávila

The Basílica de los Santos Hermanos Mártires, Vicente, Sabina y Cristeta, best known as Basílica de San Vicente, is a church in Ávila,...

Plaza de San Vicente, 05001 Ávila, Spain
(40.65803, -4.69580)



C Iglesia-convento de Santa Teresa

The Iglesia-convento de Santa Teresa is a church and convent located in Ávila, Spain.

Calle La Dama, 05001 Ávila, Spain (40.65549, -4.70254)



D Real Monasterio de Santo Tomás

Real Monasterio de Santo Tomás is a monastery of the Catholic Monarchs of Spain in Gothic style in Ávila, Spain.

9 Calle de Santa Fe, Ávila 05003, Spain (40.65037, -4.68859)



E Palacio de los Núñez Vela

A 16th-century Renaissance palace built for Blasco Núñez Vela, the first Viceroy of Peru. The building features a granite facade and a central courtyard with arched galleries.

1 Calle de los Telares, Ávila 05001, Spain (40.65518, -4.70323)

F Puerta del Alcázar

The most imposing gate of the city walls, featuring two massive semi-circular towers joined by a bridge. It historically served as the main entrance to the city's former fortress.

17 Calle de Don Gerónimo, Ávila 05001, Spain (40.65448, -4.69719)

G Puerta del Carmen

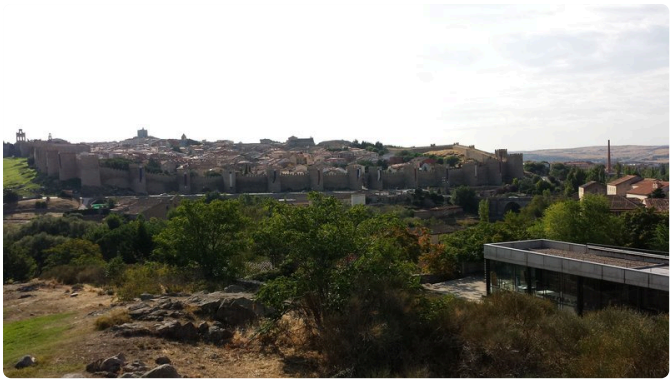
A northern entrance to the walled city, distinguished by its square tower. It is located near the Archivo Histórico Provincial and the former Carmelite convent.

Puerta de la Cárcel, 05001 Ávila, Spain (40.65862, -4.70275)

H Puente Romano

This bridge over the Adaja River has Roman origins, though it was largely rebuilt during the medieval period. It provides a strategic crossing point west of the city walls.

(40.65720, -4.70880)



I Los Cuatro Postes

A 16th-century religious monument and viewpoint located across the river. It consists of four Doric columns connected by an architrave, sheltering a stone cross.

5 Calle de los Cuatro Postes, Ávila 05002, Spain
(40.65994, -4.71106)

J Plaza de Santa Teresa

A central public square situated outside the Puerta del Alcázar. Known locally as Mercado Grande, it is bordered by the Romanesque church of San Pedro and a monument to Saint Teresa.

(40.65439, -4.69619)

Ávila's Heritage Sites

Ávila is defined by its exceptionally preserved 11th-century medieval walls, stretching 2.5 kilometers with 88 semicircular towers. This collection explores the city's architectural evolution, from the Romanesque Basilica of San Vicente to the Gothic Real Monasterio de Santo Tomás. It includes significant Renaissance palaces like the Torreón de los Guzmanes and religious sites central to the life of Saint Teresa, offering a comprehensive look at Castilian military and ecclesiastical history within a UNESCO World Heritage setting.





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(40.65803, -4.69580)



C Palacio de los Núñez Vela

A 16th-century Renaissance palace built for Blasco Núñez Vela, the first Viceroy of Peru. The building features a central courtyard with double galleries and serves as the seat of the High Court of Justice of Castile and León.

1 Calle de los Telares, Ávila 05001, Spain (40.65518, -4.70323)



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9 Calle de Santa Fe, Ávila 05003, Spain (40.65037, -4.68859)



F Iglesia de San Pedro

Romanesque church located in Plaza de Santa Teresa. Built between the 12th and 13th centuries, it is characterized by its large rose window, triple apse, and its role as a key site for historic royal oaths.

5 Plaza de Claudio Sánchez Albornoz, Ávila 05001, Spain (40.65419, -4.69524)



G Palacio de Bracamonte

Late 15th-century palace featuring a blend of late Gothic and Renaissance styles. Also known as the Casa de la Santa Cruz, it contains a notable two-story courtyard with octagonal columns.

Plaza Fuente el Sol 1, 05001 Ávila (40.65809, -4.69896)

H Palacio de los Dávila

A fortified medieval palace integrated into the city walls. The complex showcases an architectural evolution from the 13th to the 16th centuries, featuring Romanesque, Gothic, and Renaissance facades and defensive battlements.

Plazuela de Pedro Dávila 7, Ávila (40.65468, -4.70058)

I Torreón de los Guzmanes

A 16th-century Renaissance tower-palace featuring a distinctive crenelated square tower. It currently serves as the headquarters of the Provincial Council of Ávila and retains its original defensive character.

4 Calle de Sancho Dávila, Ávila 05001, Spain (40.65552, -4.70147)



J Capilla de Mosén Rubí

Established in 1512, this chapel combines late Gothic and Renaissance elements. It is notable for its unusual pentagonal floor plan and its historical connection to the Bracamonte family.

4 Calle de Brieva, Ávila 05001, Spain (40.65768, -4.69989)



K Iglesia de Santo Tomé el Viejo

12th-century Romanesque church that now serves as an archaeological annex of the Museum of Ávila. It houses a collection of Roman mosaics and ancient granite sculptures known as 'verracos'.

6 Plaza de Italia, Ávila 05001, Spain (40.65600, -4.69542)

L Mansión de los Polentinos

16th-century Renaissance palace with a prominent Plateresque portal and a courtyard decorated with detailed lintels. It currently houses the General Military Archive of Ávila.

19 Calle de Vallespín, Ávila 05001, Spain (40.65651, -4.70248)

M Convento de las Gordillas

A 16th-century Renaissance convent church featuring a single nave with Gothic rib vaulting. It contains the Renaissance tomb of its founder, María Dávila, carved from alabaster.

6 Calle del Cristo de la Luz, Ávila 05001, Spain (40.65476, -4.68934)

N Palacio de los Deanes

A 16th-century Renaissance manor house with a double-arched courtyard. It serves as the main site for the Provincial Museum of Ávila, displaying fine arts and local archaeological finds.

(40.65655, -4.69559)



O Palacio de los Verdugo

Early 16th-century Renaissance palace with a Plateresque facade. A granite Vettonian animal statue, or 'verraco', stands at its entrance, reflecting the region's pre-Roman heritage.

Calle López Núñez 12, 05001 Ávila (40.65739, -4.69800)

P Palacio de los Superunda

Renaissance palace from the 16th century featuring a well-preserved interior. It houses the permanent collection of Italian painter Guido Caprotti, who documented Ávila's landscapes and people in the early 20th century.

(40.65545, -4.70188)



Q Convento de la Encarnación

Carmelite convent where Saint Teresa of Ávila lived for nearly 30 years. The site includes a museum dedicated to her life, displaying original manuscripts and personal relics.

1 Paseo de la Encarnación, Ávila 05005, Spain
(40.66282, -4.69938)



R Iglesia de San Andrés

One of the city's oldest Romanesque churches, dating to the 12th century. It is distinguished by its triple-apsed exterior and finely carved capitals depicting biblical scenes.

11 Plaza de San Andrés, Ávila 05005, Spain
(40.65950, -4.69525)



S Iglesia de San Nicolás

12th-century Romanesque church heavily renovated in the 17th century. It features a square bell tower and remains of its original medieval masonry.

19 Plaza de San Nicolás, Ávila 05002, Spain
(40.65179, -4.70230)



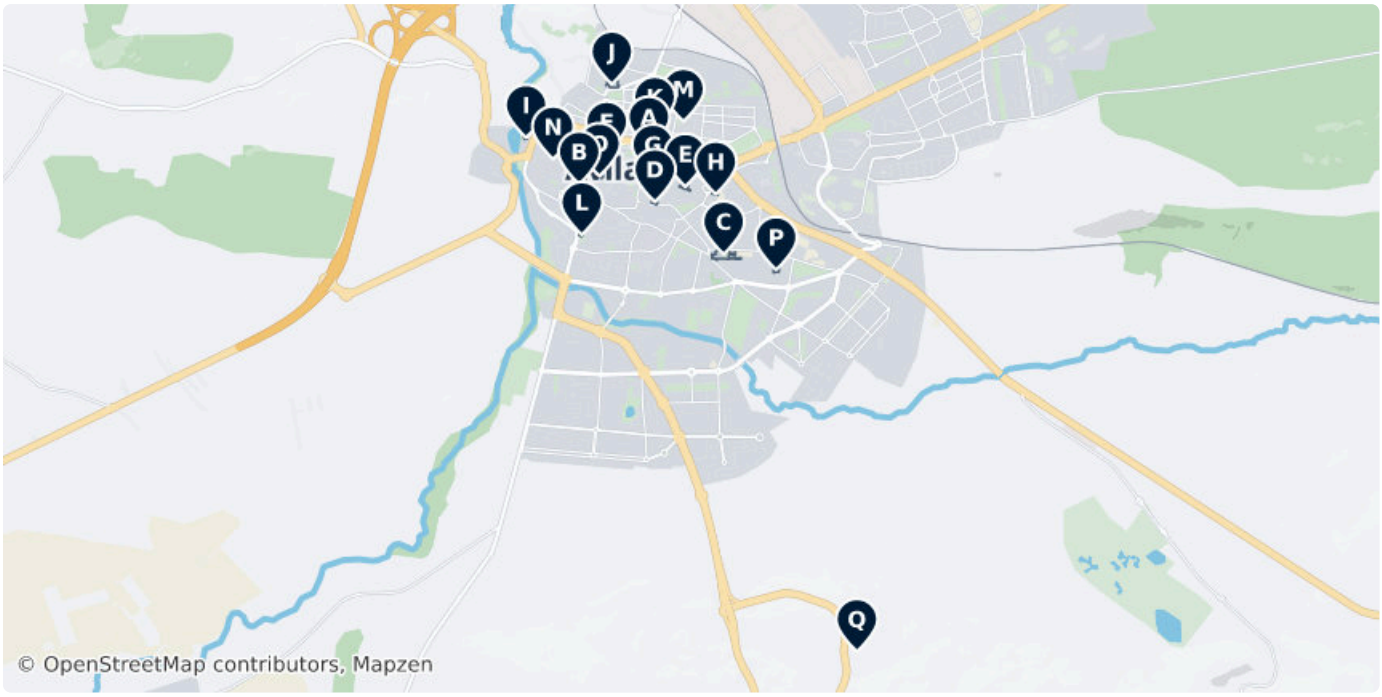
T Antigua iglesia de San Francisco

Former 13th-century Franciscan monastery. While partially in ruins, it retains significant Gothic architectural elements and its remaining structures are used for cultural exhibitions.

1 Plaza de San Francisco, Ávila 05005, Spain
(40.66008, -4.69246)

Ávila's Sacred Heritage

Ávila's religious landscape is defined by its well-preserved Romanesque and Gothic structures, many of which are tied to the life of Saint Teresa. This collection includes the Basílica de San Vicente, a masterpiece of Spanish Romanesque architecture, and the Royal Monastery of Santo Tomás, notable for its royal tombs and three distinct cloisters. From 12th-century parish churches like San Pedro to significant Carmelite sites like the Convento de la Encarnación, these landmarks illustrate centuries of Spanish ecclesiastical history and architectural evolution.





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D Iglesia de San Pedro

12th-century Romanesque church located in Plaza de Santa Teresa. It features a distinctive rose window and a triple-naved interior.

5 Plaza de Claudio Sánchez Albornoz, Ávila 05001, Spain (40.65419, -4.69524)



E Convento de San José

The Convento de San José is a monastery of Discalced Carmelite nuns in Ávila, Spain.

2 Calle de las Madres, Ávila 05001, Spain (40.65533, -4.69228)



F Capilla de Mosén Rubí

16th-century chapel blending late Gothic and Renaissance styles. It features a unique pentagonal floor plan and houses the Bracamonte family tombs.

4 Calle de Brieva, Ávila 05001, Spain (40.65768, -4.69989)



G Iglesia de Santo Tomé el Viejo

12th-century Romanesque church now serving as an archaeological storehouse for the Provincial Museum of Ávila.

6 Plaza de Italia, Ávila 05001, Spain (40.65600, -4.69542)

H Convento de las Gordillas

16th-century Renaissance convent built primarily of brick. It contains the alabaster tomb of its founder, María Dávila.

6 Calle del Cristo de la Luz, Ávila 05001, Spain (40.65476, -4.68934)

I Ermita de San Segundo

Romanesque hermitage located outside the city walls. It houses a celebrated alabaster statue of San Segundo carved by Juan de Juni.

8 Calle Atrio de San Segundo, Ávila 05002, Spain (40.65890, -4.70767)



J Convento de la Encarnación

16th-century Carmelite convent where Saint Teresa of Ávila resided for three decades. Includes a museum detailing her life and religious reforms.

1 Paseo de la Encarnación, Ávila 05005, Spain (40.66282, -4.69938)



K Iglesia de San Andrés

12th-century Romanesque church recognized for its ornate apses and historic capitals. It is part of the city's UNESCO World Heritage designation.

11 Plaza de San Andrés, Ávila 05005, Spain (40.65950, -4.69525)



L Iglesia de San Nicolás

12th-century Romanesque church located in the southern part of the city, featuring later architectural modifications.

19 Plaza de San Nicolás, Ávila 05002, Spain (40.65179, -4.70230)



M Antigua iglesia de San Francisco

Former 13th-century Franciscan monastery and church. The site now serves as a venue for cultural exhibitions and historical archives.

1 Plaza de San Francisco, Ávila 05005, Spain (40.66008, -4.69246)



N Iglesia de San Esteban

12th-century Romanesque church known for its modest architectural style and historic significance within the San Esteban neighborhood.

39 Calle del Conde Don Ramón, Ávila 05001, Spain (40.65733, -4.70506)

O Iglesia de San Juan Bautista

Gothic-style church primarily known as the site where Saint Teresa of Ávila was baptized in 1515.

16 Calle de Martín Carramolino, Ávila 05001, Spain (40.65608, -4.70060)

P Convento Santa María de Jesús

16th-century convent featuring a Renaissance church. It was founded by María de Herrera and remains an active site of worship.

25 Calle de la Luna, Ávila 05003, Spain (40.64921, -4.68352)

Ermita Nuestra Señora de Sonsoles

Sanctuary and pilgrimage site located five kilometers from the city. It houses the revered image of the Virgin of Sonsoles.

(40.62124, -4.67572)

Mo–Su	08:00–21:00

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