

Mexico

TRAVEL GUIDE

Tripomatic



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Overview

Mexico stretches from the deserts of the north to the tropical jungle of the south, with a history spanning great pre-Hispanic civilizations, three centuries of Spanish colonial rule, and a distinct modern identity that blends both. Ancient pyramids sit within day-trip distance of a sprawling, cosmopolitan capital, colonial silver towns dot the central highlands, and the Caribbean coast and Pacific beaches draw a different kind of traveler entirely. Regional cuisines, dialects, and traditions vary enormously from state to state.

Mexico works well both for a single-region trip and for a longer, multi-stop itinerary. Many first visits center on Mexico City, with day trips to nearby pyramids, then continue to a colonial town or two and a stretch of coast. Independent travel is straightforward in most tourist regions, with strong bus networks and, in some areas, safety considerations worth planning around in advance.

Money & payments

The Mexican peso (MXN) is the currency nationwide; US dollars are sometimes accepted in tourist areas near the border and in resort towns, but at a poor exchange rate.

Currency

CURRENCY	1 MXN	1 MXN
$	0.0485 EUR	0.0537 USD
MXN	1 EUR = 20.637 MXN	1 USD = 18.63 MXN

Cards widely accepted

Cards are widely accepted in cities and tourist areas, but cash is still essential for markets, small shops, local buses, and tips. ATMs are common, though machines at bank branches are generally safer and have lower fees than standalone ones in convenience stores.

Typical costs

Rough prices in touristic areas, per person

Hotel (double room, per night) mid-range hotel, room for two per night, MXN	800 – 2,200 $ €39 – €107
Dinner (mid-range restaurant) mid-range restaurant, one person, no drinks, MXN	250 – 500 $ €12 – €24
Inexpensive meal taco stand or casual lunch, one person, MXN	60 – 120 $ €3 – €6
Local beer bottle or can, restaurant or bar, MXN	40 – 70 $ €2 – €3
Coffee espresso or drip coffee in a café, MXN	40 – 65 $ €2 – €3
Water 0.5L, shop, MXN	12 – 20 $ €1 – €1
Transit ticket single metro or bus fare, MXN	5 – 12 $ €0 – €1
Taxi (per km) per km, MXN	10 – 15 $ €0 – €1

Tipping

Tipping is customary and expected in Mexico, for services well beyond restaurants.

Restaurant 10-15%	Expected
Bar 10-15% or a few pesos per drink	Expected
Taxi round up the fare	Optional
Hotel a few pesos per bag for porters, a similar amount per day for housekeeping	Expected
Tour guide 10-15% on paid tours	Expected

Round up taxi fares, and tip a few pesos per bag for hotel porters and a few pesos per car for gas station attendants and grocery baggers, both common local jobs. Tipping is not expected at street food stalls or self-service counters.

Electricity

Mexico uses Type A and B plugs at 127 V / 60 Hz, the same standard as the United States and Canada, so travelers from those countries need no adapter. Everyone else will need one, and appliances built for 220-240 V systems may need a voltage converter too.

ELECTRICITY



Type A

ELECTRICITY



Type B

127 V · 60 Hz

Language

Spanish is the official language nationwide, spoken with regional accents and vocabulary that shift noticeably between regions. Dozens of indigenous languages, including Nahuatl, Maya, and Zapotec, are still spoken daily in parts of the south and center, though Spanish works everywhere. English is common in major resorts, tourist zones, and business hotels, but far less so in smaller towns and rural areas.

Useful phrases

Hello	Hola
Thank you	Gracias
Please	Por favor
Excuse me	Disculpe
Yes	Sí
No	No
How much?	¿Cuánto cuesta?
Cheers	¡Salud!
Help	¡Ayuda!
Goodbye	Adiós
Do you speak English?	¿Habla inglés?
Sorry	Lo siento
Where is...?	¿Dónde está...?
I don't understand	No entiendo
The menu, please	El menú, por favor
The bill, please	La cuenta, por favor

Staying connected

Prepaid SIMs and eSIMs from Telcel, AT&T Mexico, or Movistar are cheap and widely available at airports and convenience stores (OXXO); Telcel has by far the best rural and remote coverage. A passport is generally required to register a Mexican SIM. Coverage is strong in cities and resort areas, and can be patchy in mountainous or very remote regions.

Safety & emergencies

Mexico's safety picture varies sharply by region and is worth checking specifically for wherever you're headed, rather than treating the country as a single risk level. Major tourist areas, including Mexico City's main visitor districts, the Yucatán Peninsula, and central colonial towns, see millions of visitors a year with incident levels comparable to other major travel destinations; some northern border states and specific rural areas have a considerably higher risk of organized crime-related violence, and travel there deserves specific, current research beforehand. Petty crime like pickpocketing and bag-snatching happens in crowded tourist spots and on public transport in big cities. Stick to registered taxis or ride-hailing apps rather than hailing cabs on the street, especially at night, and avoid withdrawing cash from street ATMs after dark.

Emergency numbers

GENERAL EMERGENCY	POLICE	AMBULANCE	FIRE BRIGADE
911	911	911	911

Health

Tap water is not safe to drink; stick to bottled or purified water, including for brushing teeth, and be cautious with ice at informal food stalls. Street food is a highlight of Mexican travel and generally safe at busy, high-turnover stalls, but travelers' diarrhea is common enough that it's worth packing basic remedies. Pharmacies (farmacias) are everywhere and can sell some medications over the counter that require a prescription elsewhere. No special vaccinations are required for entry, though a travel health consultation before a longer or rural trip is worthwhile.

Visas & entry

Citizens of the US, Canada, the EU, the UK, and many other countries can enter Mexico visa-free for tourism, receiving a Multiple Immigration Form (FMM) on arrival, valid for up to 180 days. Keep the FMM slip (or its digital record) until departure, since it's checked when leaving the country. Travelers who need a visa should apply at a Mexican embassy or consulate before traveling.

> Visa and entry requirements change frequently. Verify current requirements with the official immigration authority or your country's embassy before travel.

Etiquette

Mexicans are generally warm and hospitable, and greetings matter: a handshake is standard, with a light cheek kiss common between women or between a man and a woman who've already met. Meals are social and can run long; it's normal to ask for the bill ("la cuenta, por favor"), since it isn't brought automatically.

Punctuality is relaxed for social occasions but expected for business meetings and organized tours. Address people with courtesy titles (señor, señora, don, doña) until invited to be more casual, and expect genuine interest in family and small talk before getting down to business.

Holidays & opening hours

Day of the Dead (Día de los Muertos, 1-2 November) is Mexico's most distinctive holiday, marked by home altars, cemetery visits, and public parades in many cities, especially strong in Oaxaca and central Mexico; hotels in popular areas book up well in advance. Christmas is preceded by posadas, nightly neighborhood processions and parties in the two weeks before the holiday.

Public holidays

Jan 1	New Year's Day
May 1	Labour Day
Sep 16	Independence Day
Dec 25	Christmas Day
movable — Mar	Benito Juárez's birthday
movable — Feb	Constitution Day
movable — Oct	Inauguration Day
movable — Nov	Revolution Day

Many businesses, especially in smaller towns, close for a long lunch in the early afternoon and reopen in the evening; shopping malls and larger stores in cities tend to stay open through the day.

Getting around

- **By bus**: Long-distance buses are the backbone of Mexican travel, extensive, frequent, and comfortable on first-class lines like ADO (southeast) and ETN (center/north); book ahead for popular routes and holiday periods.
- **By air**: Domestic flights are worth it for long distances, such as from Mexico City to the Yucatán Peninsula or Baja California, given the size of the country.
- **By metro/local transit**: Mexico City has an extensive, very cheap metro system; smaller cities generally rely on buses and colectivos (shared vans) for local transport.
- **By train**: passenger rail is limited but growing — buses and flights still cover most long-distance travel, but the new Tren Maya loops around the Yucatán Peninsula linking Cancún, Mérida, and several archaeological sites, and the older El Chepe scenic line crosses the Copper Canyon in the north.

Driving

- **Speed limits**: 30-50 km/h in cities and towns, 90-100 km/h on rural highways, and up to 110 km/h on toll expressways.
- **Toll roads ("cuota") vs free roads ("libre")**: Mexico has a parallel network of paid toll expressways and free (often slower, sometimes rougher) alternative roads; the toll roads are generally faster, better maintained, and considered safer for long-distance driving. Tolls are paid in cash or with an IAVE electronic tag at staffed booths.
- **Night driving**: avoid driving on rural or intercity roads after dark where possible, due to poor lighting, livestock on roads, and, in some regions, safety concerns.
- **Green Angels**: a free government roadside-assistance service ("Ángeles Verdes") patrols major highways and toll roads, offering help with breakdowns, fuel, and minor repairs.
- **Fuel**: nearly all stations are staffed, not self-service; fuel is sold as "Magna" (regular unleaded), "Premium" (higher octane), and "Diésel".

URBAN
50 km/h

RURAL
100 km/h

MOTORWAY
110 km/h

PETROL
Magna (regular unleaded), Premium (higher octane)

DIESEL
Diésel

Drive on the right

No motorway vignette needed

Mexico has a parallel network of paid toll expressways (cuota) and free (libre) alternative roads; tolls are paid in cash or with an IAVE electronic tag at staffed booths. There is no nationwide vignette.

Food & drink

Mexican food varies enormously by region: tacos, salsas, and street food define much of the everyday eating, while Oaxaca is known for its moles and mezcal, the Yucatán for citrus-marinated cochinita pibil, and Puebla for chiles en nogada and its own mole poblano. A proper sit-down meal (comida) is typically the largest of the day, eaten in the early-to-mid afternoon, while dinner is often lighter and later.

Corn is central to the cuisine, appearing as tortillas, tamales, and countless other dishes, and fresh salsas and chiles range from mild to very hot. Mezcal and tequila, both made from agave, are the country's signature spirits, alongside a strong beer culture and, in central and southern regions, hot chocolate with roots in pre-Hispanic tradition.

What to eat & drink

LUNCH

Cochinita Pibil
Slow-roasted, citrus- and achiote-marinated pork, a Yucatán specialty traditionally cooked in an underground pit.

DINNER

Mole
A complex sauce, often built from chiles, spices, and sometimes chocolate; mole poblano and Oaxaca's several moles are the best known versions.

Chiles en Nogada
A Puebla dish of stuffed poblano chiles topped with a walnut cream sauce and pomegranate seeds, in the colors of the Mexican flag.

Pozole
A hominy stew with pork or chicken, topped with shredded cabbage, radish, and chile, traditionally eaten on special occasions.

SNACKS & STREET FOOD

Tacos
Corn or flour tortillas filled with meat, fish, or vegetables, with endless regional and stall-to-stall variation.

Tamales
Corn dough filled with meat, cheese, or vegetables, wrapped in a corn husk or banana leaf and steamed.

Elote/Esquites · Elote / Esquites
Grilled or boiled corn on the cob (elote) or served off the cob in a cup (esquites), topped with mayonnaise, cheese, chile, and lime.

DRINKS

Mezcal
A smoky agave spirit from Oaxaca and several other states, distinct from tequila, traditionally sipped neat.

Tequila
An agave spirit from the region around the town of Tequila in Jalisco, Mexico's best-known export spirit.

Horchata
A sweet, cinnamon-spiced rice-based drink, popular as a non-alcoholic accompaniment to spicy food.

Mexico – Plan Your Trip

Turn the places from this guide into a real itinerary, with smart routing, time estimates, and everything you need for a perfect trip.

3M+ downloads · **4.6 stars** · **15 years of trip planning**

App Store · Google Play

Scan to download the app

Where to explore

Mexico's most-visited destinations span the capital, colonial highlands, southern states, and both coasts.

Mexico City and the center: Mexico City, the capital, anchors most itineraries, with the pyramids of Teotihuacán a short trip away. Puebla, a colonial city known for its tiled architecture and mole poblano, sits within easy reach.

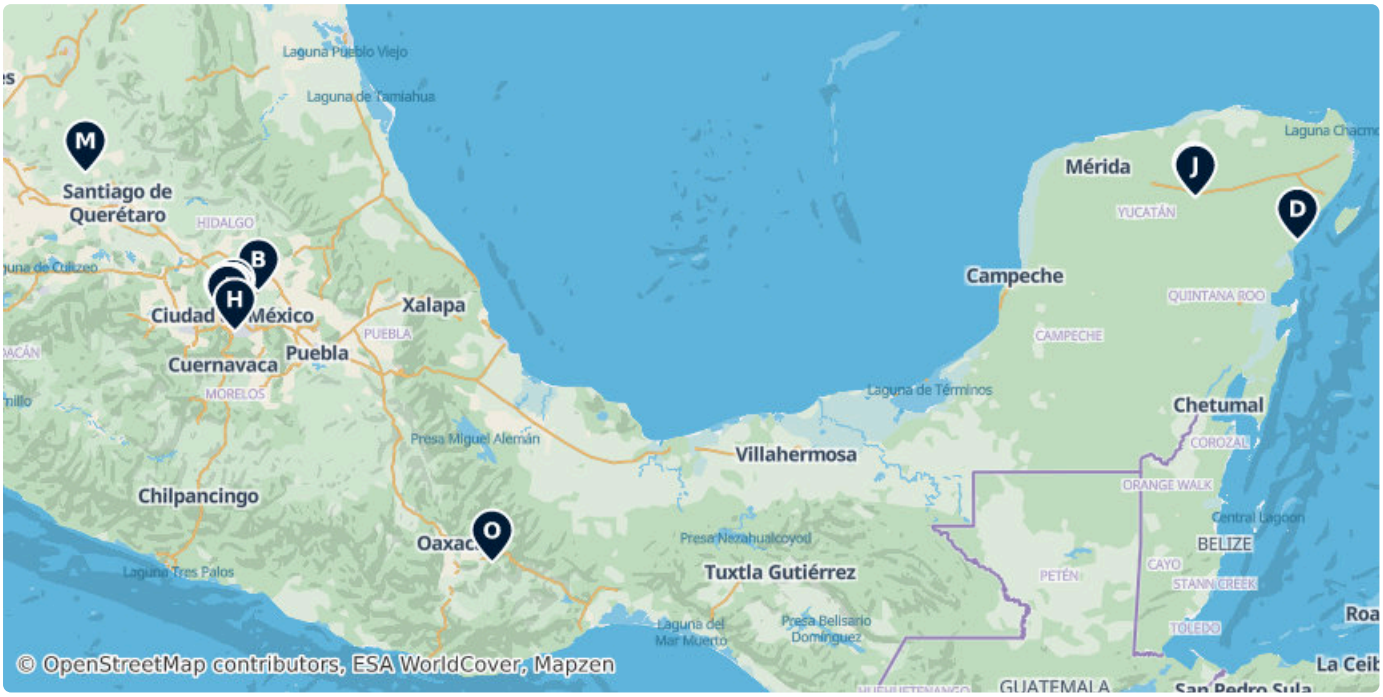
Colonial highlands: Guanajuato, a former silver-mining town of steep alleys and colorful houses, and San Miguel de Allende, known for its well-preserved colonial center and expat community, are among Mexico's best-loved historic towns.

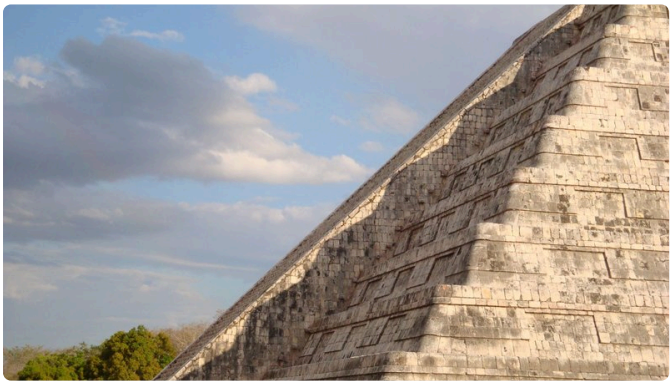
The south: Oaxaca is a center of indigenous culture, mezcal, and some of the country's best regional cooking, while San Cristóbal de las Casas, high in the Chiapas mountains, is a base for exploring Maya communities and cloud forest.

The coasts: Mérida is the gateway to the Yucatán's Maya ruins and cenotes, and Cancún and Playa del Carmen anchor the Caribbean coast's resorts and beaches, with Tulum known for its clifftop ruins overlooking the sea. On the Pacific side, Cabo San Lucas anchors the beach resorts of Baja California Sur.

Mexico Essentials

Mexico's architectural and natural history spans millennia, from the monumental Mayan pyramids of Chichén Itzá and the massive Teotihuacán complex to the Aztec ruins of Templo Mayor in Mexico City. This selection highlights world-renowned institutions like the National Museum of Anthropology and the Museo Soumaya, alongside colonial landmarks such as the neo-Gothic Parroquia in San Miguel de Allende. Diverse landscapes are represented by the seaside ruins of Tulum, the travertine rock formations of Hierve el Agua, and the traditional Aztec-era canals of Xochimilco.





A Temple of Kukulcan

El Castillo, also known as the Temple of Kukulcan is a Mesoamerican step-pyramid that dominates the center of the Chichen Itza...

San Felipe Nuevo, Mexico (20.68327, -88.56849)



B Pre-Hispanic City of Teotihuacan

Teotihuacan is an ancient Mesoamerican city located in a sub-valley of the Valley of Mexico, which is located in the State of Mexico, 40...

55829, Mexico (19.69126, -98.84525)

Mo–Su 09:00–17:00

inah.gob.mx/zonas/23-zona-arqueologica-de-teotihuacan



C National Museum of Anthropology

The National Museum of Anthropology is a national museum of Mexico. It is the largest and most visited museum in Mexico.

Av. Paseo de la Reforma y calzada Gandhi, 11560 Mexico City, Mexico (19.42606, -99.18667)

Tu–Su 09:00–17:00

mna.inah.gob.mx, +52 55 4040 5300



D Tulum Archaeological Zone

Walk through the impressive ruins of this seaside Mayan city. Most of it was built in the 14th century, however the buildings are still well...

Mexico (20.21479, -87.42912)

Mo–Su 08:00–17:00

mundomaya.travel/es/arqueologia/top-10/item/tulum.ht...



E Zócalo

Historic central square dating back to the Aztec era, serving as a cultural, political, and social gathering place with significant surrounding landmarks.

Ciudad de México 06060, Mexico (19.43270, -99.13333)

mexicocity.cdmx.gob.mx



F Palace of Fine Arts

The Palacio de Bellas Artes is a prominent cultural center in Mexico City.

Col. Polanco Chapultepec, 11560 Mexico City, Mexico (19.43550, -99.14124)

Mo–Su 10:00–19:00

museopalaciodebellasartes.gob.mx, +52 55 5283 4600



G Basilica of Our Lady of Guadalupe

The Basilica of Santa María de Guadalupe, officially called Insigne y Nacional Basílica de Santa María de Guadalupe is a basilica of the...

07050 (19.48485, -99.11786)

virgendeguadalupe.org.mx, +52 55 77 60 22



H Floating Gardens of Xochimilco

A popular spot for tourists and locals alike, the Floating Gardens of Xochimilco are settled in canals that were left here by the Aztecs...

Xochimilco, Distrito Federal, Mexico (19.27910, -99.10247)



I Chapultepec Castle

Chapultepec Castle is located on top of Chapultepec Hill in Mexico City's Chapultepec park.

Calle del Cerro, Miguel Hidalgo 11580, Mexico (19.42052, -99.18168)

mnh.inah.gob.mx



J Ik Kil

Ik Kil is a cenote outside Pisté in the Tinúm Municipality, Yucatán, Mexico.

Yucatán, Mexico (20.66154, -88.55017)

+52 985 851 0039



K Independence Column

The Angel of Independence, most commonly known by the shortened name El Ángel and officially known as Monumento a la Independencia, is a...

Paseo de la Reforma, Ciudad de México 06500, Mexico (19.42700, -99.16767)



L Templo Mayor

The Templo Mayor was the main temple of the Mexica people in their capital city of Tenochtitlan, which is now Mexico City.

34 Calle República de Guatemala, Ciudad de México 06010, Mexico (19.43498, -99.13135)

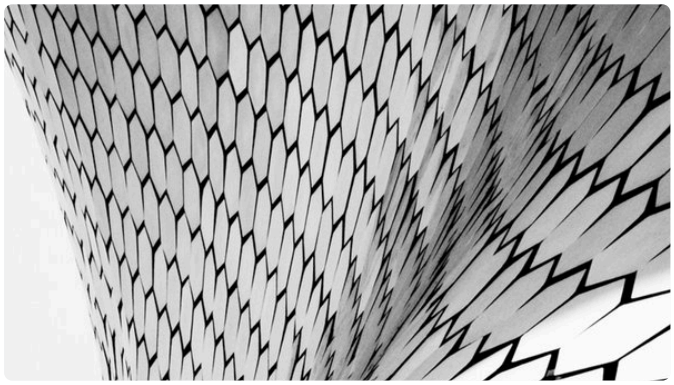
templomayor.inah.gob.mx/english, +52 55 4040 5600



M St. Michael the Archangel Church

The neo-Gothic gem adorns the city - and stands out from the distance. Distinctly beautiful, with many details to behold.

6 Calle Cuna de Allende, San Miguel de Allende 37700, Mexico (20.91357, -100.74373)



N Soumaya Museum

The Museo Soumaya is a private museum in Mexico City and a non-profit cultural institution with two museum buildings in Mexico City — Plaza...

Boulevard Miguel de Cervantes (19.44077, -99.20464)

Mo–Su 10:30–18:30

soumaya.com.mx, +52 55 5616 3731



Hierve el Agua

Hierve el Agua is a set of natural travertine rock formations in San Lorenzo Albarradas, Oaxaca, Mexico that resemble cascades of water.

Mexico (16.86563, -96.27597)

Editor's Choice: Mexico

This collection highlights Mexico's diverse heritage, featuring the 18th-century Querétaro Aqueduct and the ancient Mayan ruins of Palenque and Chichen Itza. It includes architectural landmarks like the modern Vasconcelos Library and the historic Chapultepec Castle. Natural wonders span the limestone formations of Loltún Cave and the blue cascades of Agua Azul, alongside cultural institutions such as the Soumaya Museum, which houses a vast collection of European and Mexican art.





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Xochimilco, Distrito Federal, Mexico (19.27910, -99.10247)



B El Chiflón Waterfall

A series of turquoise cascades fed by the San Vicente River in Chiapas. The tallest drop, Velo de Novia, falls 120 meters. The site includes hiking trails and natural swimming pools surrounded by tropical vegetation.

Mexico (16.19505, -92.26500)

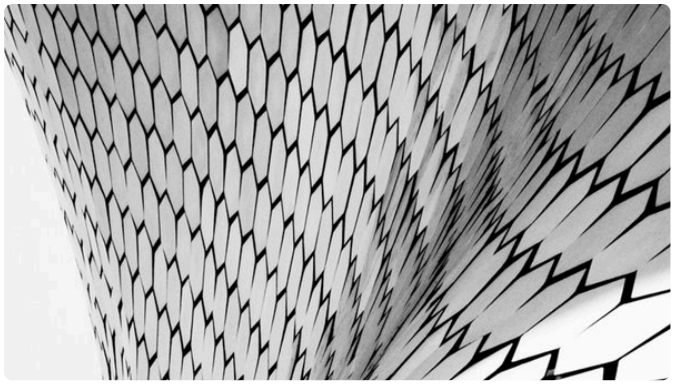


C Dos Ojos Cenote

Dos Ojos is part of a flooded cave system located north of Tulum, on the Caribbean coast of the Yucatán Peninsula, in the state of Quintana...

Cancun - Chetumal, Quintana Roo, Mexico (20.32473, -87.39061)

cenotedosojos.com, +52 984 206 1976



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Mo–Su 10:30–18:30

soumaya.com.mx, +52 55 5616 3731

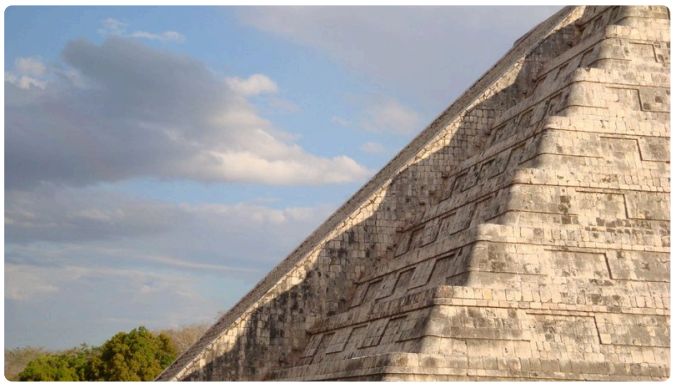


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Calle del Cerro, Miguel Hidalgo 11580, Mexico (19.42052, -99.18168)

mnh.inah.gob.mx



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El Castillo, also known as the Temple of Kukulcan is a Mesoamerican step-pyramid that dominates the center of the Chichen Itza...

San Felipe Nuevo, Mexico (20.68327, -88.56849)



G Las Pozas

Las Pozas is a surrealistic group of structures created by Edward James, more than 2,000 feet above sea level, in a subtropical rainforest...

Mexico (21.39646, -98.99669)

Mo–Su 09:00–18:00

laspozasxilitla.org.mx



H Agua Azul

The Cascadas de Agua Azul are a series of waterfalls found on the Xanil River in the southern Mexican state of Chiapas.

Mexico (17.25521, -92.11503)



I Zona Arqueologica Palenque

Palenque, also anciently known in the Itza Language as Lakamha', was a Maya city state in southern Mexico that perished in the 8th century.

Mexico (17.48465, -92.04539)

youtu.be/X5TsbVacB-g



J José Vasconcelos Library

Mexico City's Biblioteca Vasconcelos, also known as la Biblioteca Vasconcelos or la Vasconcelos and labeled by the press as the...

Mosqueta s/n, 06350 (19.44709, -99.15099)

Mo–Su 08:30–19:30

bibliotecavasconcelos.gob.mx, +52 (01 55) 91 57 28 00



K Museum of Popular Art

The Museo de Arte Popular is a museum in Mexico City, Mexico, that promotes and preserves part of the Mexican handcrafts and folk art.

Revillagigedo 11, Ciudad de México (19.43394, -99.14633)

Tu	10:00–18:00
We	10:00–21:00
Th–Su	10:00–18:00

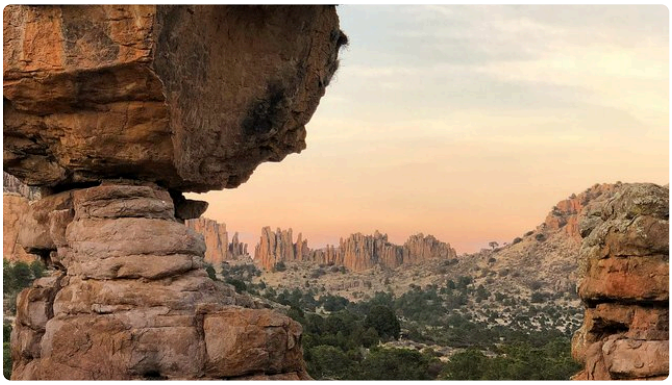
map.df.gob.mx, +52 55 55102201



L Aqueduct in Querétaro

The aqueduct of Querétaro is an 18th-century aqueduct in the Mexican city of Querétaro.

100 Calzada de los Arcos, Santiago de Querétaro 76050, Mexico (20.59494, -100.37472)



M Sierra de Organos Natural Park

Sierra de Órganos National Park is a national park in Mexico, located in the northwest corner of the municipality of Sombrerete in the...

Mexico (23.97043, -103.85484)



N Loltún Cave

This cave complex holds one of the most amazing sets of limestone formations. Mayan ceremonies used to be held here.

Carretera Oxkutzcab-Xul, Mexico (20.25356, -89.45579)



O Museum of the Mayan World

Housed in a brand-new hyper-modern building, this museum presents the history of the Maya civilization in a very intriguing way. Must-see!

Calle 60 Norte Ex Cordemex, 97000 Mérida, Mexico (21.03494, -89.62845)

Mo–Su 08:00–17:00

granmuseodelmundomaya.com.mx, +52 999 341 0435



P Sumidero Canyon

Sumidero Canyon is a deep natural canyon located just north of the city of Chiapa de Corzo in the state of Chiapas, in southern Mexico.

Mexico (16.82087, -93.07170)



Q La Quebrada

La Quebrada is one of the most famous tourist attractions in Acapulco, Mexico.

88 Calle de la Quebrada, Acapulco de Juárez 39300, Mexico (16.84613, -99.91483)

Mexico's Hidden Gems

Mexico's diverse geography and history are represented through sites like the surrealist concrete sculptures of Las Pozas and the 333-meter deep Sótano de las Golondrinas pit cave. Archaeological landmarks include the circular pyramids of Guachimontones and the UNESCO-listed Paquimé ruins. Natural sites feature the travertine rock formations of Hierve el Agua, the underground river system of Rio Secreto, and the overwintering grounds of the Monarch Butterfly Biosphere Reserve. Cultural highlights include the syncretic San Juan Chamula Church and the historic Postal Palace.





A Cave of Swallows

The Cave of Swallows, also called the Cave of the Swallows, is an open air pit cave in the Municipality of Aquismón, San Luis Potosí,...

Mexico (21.59990, -99.09893)



B Hierve el Agua

Hierve el Agua is a set of natural travertine rock formations in San Lorenzo Albarradas, Oaxaca, Mexico that resemble cascades of water.

Mexico (16.86563, -96.27597)



C Cabañas Cultural Institute

The Hospicio Cabañas or Cabañas Museum in Guadalajara, Jalisco was one of the oldest and largest orphanage and hospital complexes in the...

Carlos Salazar 60, San Juan de Dios, 44360 Guadalajara, JAL, Mexico (20.67676, -103.33741)

Tu–Su 11:00–17:00

museocabanas.jalisco.gob.mx, +52 33 3668 16 45



D Xochicalco

Xochicalco is a pre-Columbian archaeological site in Miacatlán in the western part of the Mexican state of Morelos.

(Unnamed Road), Mexico (18.80316, -99.29489)



E Monarch Butterfly Biosphere Reserve

The Monarch Butterfly Biosphere Reserve is a World Heritage Site containing most of the overwintering sites of the eastern population of...

Mexico (19.60639, -100.24167)

whc.unesco.org/en/list/1290



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Mexico (21.39646, -98.99669)

Mo–Su 09:00–18:00

laspozasxilitla.org.mx



G Great Pyramid of Cholula

The Great Pyramid of Cholula, also known as Tlachihualtepetl, is a complex located in Cholula, Puebla, Mexico.

Cholula de Rivadabia 72810, Mexico (19.05817, -98.30214)



H Postal Palace of Mexico City

The Palacio de Correos de México, also known as the "Correo Mayor" is located in the historic center of Mexico City, on the Eje Central...

Calle Tacuba 1, 06060 (19.43562, -99.14034)

palaciopostal.gob.mx, +52 55 5510 2999



I Rio Secreto

Don't miss out on this spectacular natural gem! Explore the long underground river that will take you pass unforgettable rock formations.

(Unnamed Road), Mexico (20.58823, -87.13398)

riosecreto.com, +52 984 147 60 50



J Ría Celestún

The beautiful piece of land is protected by UNESCO because of its unique ecosystems.

Mexico (20.87608, -90.37259)



K San Juan Chamula Church

San Juan Chamula is a municipality and township in the Mexican state of Chiapas. It is situated some 2.9 km from San Cristóbal de las Casas.

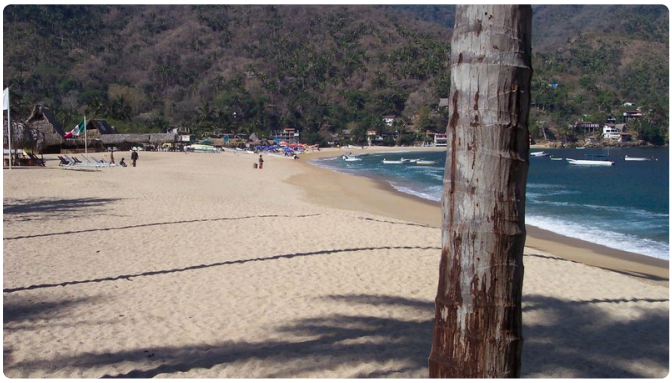
11 Avenida Vinikton, Chamula 29320, Mexico
(16.78818, -92.68935)



L Cenote X-Kekén

Located near Valladolid, this limestone sinkhole is housed within a cavern featuring massive stalactites and a singular ceiling opening that allows a beam of natural light to illuminate the turquoise water below.

Mexico (20.66082, -88.24264)



M Yelapa Village

Yelapa is a small beach town in Cabo Corrientes, Jalisco, Mexico. The village lies in the southernmost cove of Bahía de Banderas.

Mexico (20.48865, -105.44635)

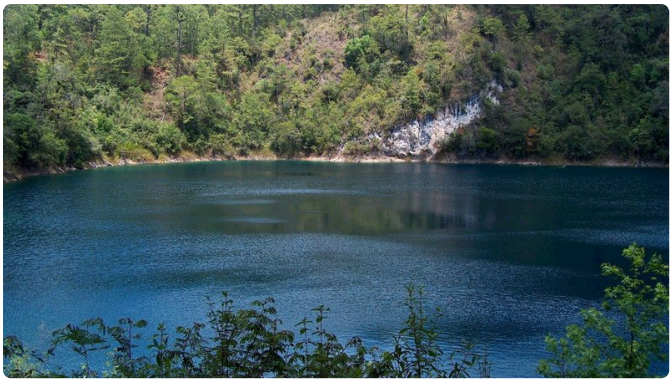


N Laguna Miramar

Last vistas of untouched nature in Mexico. Strikingly beautiful area dotted with Maya ruins and old settlements.

Calle 20 de Enero, San Quintín 29954, Mexico
(16.40381, -91.34691)

turismochiapas.gob.mx/sectur/laguna... , +52 200 124 8880



O Montebello Lakes

Lagunas de Montebello, or Montebello Lakes, is a national park in the Mexican state of Chiapas, near the border with Guatemala, comprising...

Carretera La Trinitaria-Benemérito de las Américas, 30168, Mexico (16.10379, -91.70401)



P Garcia Caves

Grutas de García is a cave complex located 9 km outside García, Nuevo León in northern Mexico about 30 km from Monterrey.

García, Nuevo León, Mexico (25.84936, -100.52383)



Q Guachimontones Pyramids

Los Guachimontones is the largest Late Formative to Classic period pre-Columbian archaeological site in the state of Jalisco.

Jalisco 4, JAL, Mexico (20.69598, -103.83634)

inah.gob.mx/es/zonas/176-zona-arqueologica-teuchitlan-...



R Chapel of Peace

A stunning open-air chapel featuring modern architecture, wonderful views and tranquil atmosphere. Well worth the visit.

13 Calle Vientos Cardinales, Acapulco de Juárez, Mexico (16.82281, -99.85587)



S Casas Grandes

Casas Grandes is a prehistoric archaeological site in the northern Mexican state of Chihuahua.

Mexico (30.36634, -107.94762)



T Valley of the Monks

Wander and get lost among these solemn rock columns - they make a wonderful backdrop for taking pictures.

(Unnamed Road), Mexico (27.73224, -107.60475)

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