

Naples

Campania · Italy

TRAVEL GUIDE

Tripomatic



Overview

Naples is Italy's third-largest city and one of its oldest, founded by Greek settlers more than 2,500 years ago. It sits on a wide bay under Mount Vesuvius, with narrow lanes, baroque churches, and a street life unlike anywhere else in Italy. The historic center is a UNESCO World Heritage Site, and the city rewards slow walking more than a checklist of sights.

Naples invented pizza, and eating one here, cooked in a wood-fired oven the traditional way, is part of the visit. The city can feel intense and chaotic at first, but that energy is exactly what draws people back. It suits travelers who want an authentic, layered city rather than a polished one. It also makes a good base for day trips to Pompeii, Herculaneum, and the Amalfi Coast. The tenor *Enrico Caruso* and the actor *Totò* were both born here.

When to visit

Spring (April to June) and autumn (September to October) are mild and the most comfortable times to visit. Summer is hot and humid, especially in August, and coastal day trips get crowded. Winter is mild by northern European standards but rainy.

Plan around Easter week if you can. Naples holds elaborate religious processions through the historic center, one of the most atmospheric events in the city's calendar.

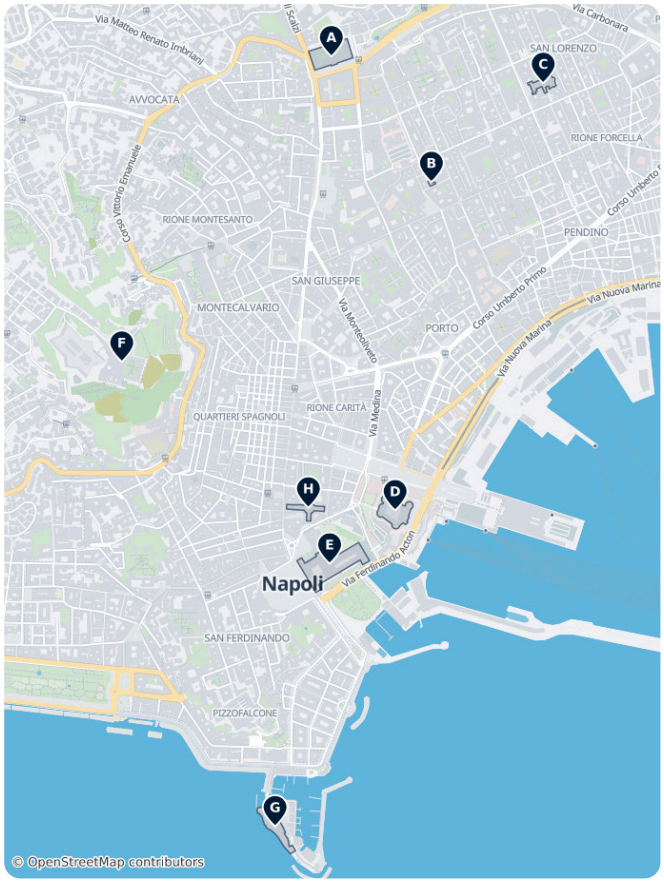
MONTH	CONDITIONS	DAY °C avg / max	NIGHT °C avg / min	
January	Fair Fair for sightseeing	12° / 16°	6° / 1°	12 rainy days · Dry air · Calm winds
February	Fair Fair for sightseeing	13° / 16°	6° / 1°	Dry air · Calm winds
March	Good Good for sightseeing	15° / 19°	8° / 3°	Dry air · Calm winds
April	Good Good for sightseeing	18° / 23°	10° / 6°	Dry air · Calm winds
May	Great Great for sightseeing	22° / 27°	14° / 10°	Calm winds
June	Great Great for sightseeing	26° / 31°	18° / 14°	24 sunny days · Humid air · Calm winds · UV 8 (Very high)
July	Great Great for sightseeing	29° / 33°	21° / 18°	28 sunny days · Muggy, humid air · Calm winds · UV 9 (Very high)
August	Good Good for sightseeing	30° / 34°	22° / 19°	27 sunny days · Muggy, humid air · Calm winds
September	Great Great for sightseeing	25° / 30°	18° / 14°	Humid air · Calm winds
October	Great Great for sightseeing	21° / 25°	15° / 10°	Calm winds
November	Good Good for sightseeing	17° / 21°	11° / 6°	15 rainy days · Dry air · Calm winds
December	Fair Fair for sightseeing	13° / 17°	7° / 2°	13 rainy days · Dry air · Calm winds

Best months: May, June, July, September, October

Climate data: NASA POWER + Copernicus ERA5-Land and ERA5 · 1996–2025

July and August highs regularly pass 30°C with high humidity, so mornings are the best time for walking tours.

Top sights



A Naples National Archaeological Museum houses a major collection of Greek and Roman antiquities, including treasures excavated from Pompeii and Herculaneum.

Inside a quiet chapel, B Sansevero Chapel Museum holds the Veiled Christ, a marble sculpture so delicate that the folds of the shroud look like real fabric.

C Naples Cathedral is Naples' Gothic cathedral. It holds the relics of Saint Januarius, the city's patron saint. His blood is said to liquefy three times a year, in a ceremony still watched closely by locals.

D Castel Nuovo is a 13th-century castle guarding the harbor, with a triumphal arch at its entrance and a small museum inside.

Next door, the E Royal Palace of Naples was home to the Bourbon kings and opens onto grand state rooms and a historic library.

Perched on Vomero hill, F Certosa di San Martino is a former monastery turned museum, with terraces that give sweeping views over the bay.

G Castel dell'Ovo is the oldest castle in the city, built on a tiny island connected to the seafront by a short causeway, and a good spot to watch the sunset.

Walk through H Galleria Umberto I, a 19th-century glass-domed shopping arcade, then lose yourself in the narrow lanes of the old town, the UNESCO-listed historic center.

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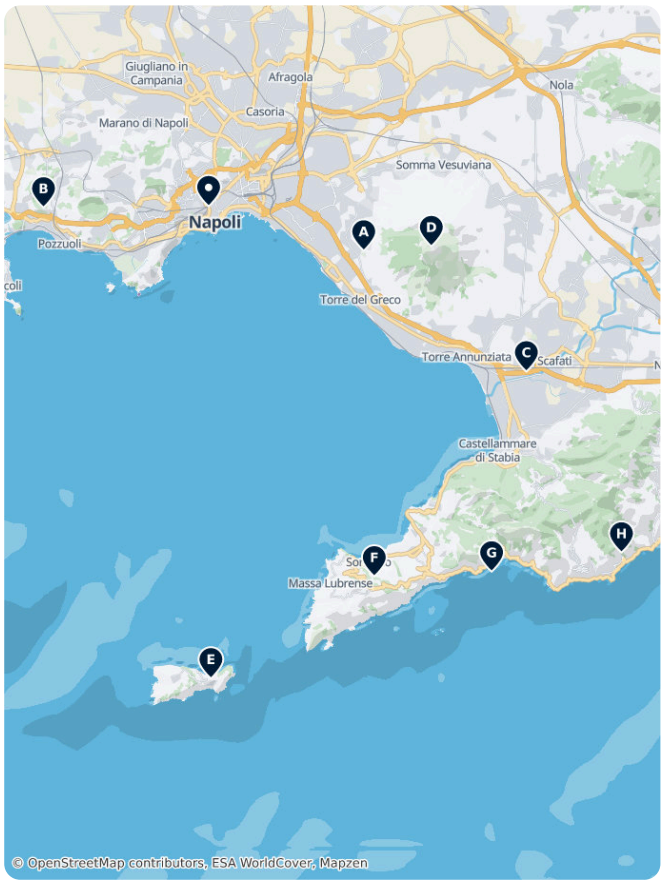
What to experience

Naples has a handful of rituals that go beyond sightseeing.

- Eat a pizza folded in half and eaten by hand, "a portafoglio" (like a wallet), the way locals eat it standing at the counter rather than sitting down with a knife and fork.
- Watch the artisans on the street next to San Gregorio Armeno carve and paint miniature nativity figures year-round, a Neapolitan craft tradition centuries old. The street is busiest and most festive in December.
- Ride one of the four historic funiculars up to Vomero hill for the views alone; the climb from the city center takes only a few minutes.
- Walk the seafront promenade at sunset, when locals gather to jog, cycle, and watch the sky over the bay turn orange behind Vesuvius.

Day trips

Naples sits at the center of one of Italy's richest day-trip regions: ancient ruins, an active volcano, and a dramatic coastline, all within reach.



- A Ercolano: about 20 minutes by Circumvesuviana train from Napoli Garibaldi. Smaller than Pompeii but better preserved, with two-story houses still standing.
- B Pozzuoli and the Phlegraean Fields: about 30 minutes by Cumana train. A volcanic area with steaming craters, hot springs, and Roman ruins, with far fewer crowds than Pompeii.
- C Pompeii: about 35 to 40 minutes by Circumvesuviana train. The best-preserved Roman city in the world, buried by Vesuvius in AD 79.
- D Mount Vesuvius: about 25 minutes by shuttle bus from Ercolano (longer from Pompei), plus a roughly 45-minute uphill walk to the crater rim. The volcano that destroyed both towns, still active, with sweeping views over the bay.
- E Capri: about 50 minutes by ferry from Molo Beverello. A glamorous island known for the Blue Grotto sea cave and dramatic cliffs.
- F Sorrento: about 65 minutes by Circumvesuviana train. A cliffside town surrounded by lemon groves, and the easiest gateway to the Amalfi Coast.
- Amalfi Coast: about 2 hours by bus or ferry via Sorrento. A dramatic coastal road linking cliffside towns like G Positano and H Amalfi.

Getting there

- By air: Naples International Airport (Capodichino, NAP) is about 7 km from the center. The Alibus shuttle reaches Piazza Garibaldi in about 20 to 30 minutes for a few euros; it continues on to Piazza Municipio, which takes longer. Metered taxis take a similar time to Piazza Garibaldi.
- By train: Napoli Centrale station has high-speed connections to Rome (about 1 hour), Florence (about 3 hours), and Milan (about 4.5 hours).
- By bus: Long-distance coaches serve a terminal near Napoli Centrale, with connections across southern Italy.

Getting around

- Public transit: Metro lines 1 and 2, trams, buses, and four funiculars cover the city on a unified ticket system. Buy a paper ticket at a metro station, tobacco shop, or newsstand, or tap a contactless bank card or phone at the turnstiles on the metro, funiculars, and regional trains. A validated ticket covers all modes for 90 minutes. ANM public transport
- Taxi: white metered taxis are the practical option; ride-hailing apps have limited coverage in the city.
- On foot and cycling: the historic center is dense and best explored on foot. Steep hills toward Vomero make cycling impractical, but the funiculars connect the lower city to the hilltop neighborhoods in a few minutes.

Getting around on foot & by bike

WALKABILITY

Moderate

The historic center is dense and easy to explore on foot, but traffic is chaotic and some streets are steep or stepped. Comfortable shoes make a real difference.

CYCLING INFRASTRUCTURE

Low

Steep hills, heavy traffic, and few bike lanes make cycling impractical for visitors. Walking, the metro, and the funiculars are better ways to get around.

Driving

- Is a car worth it? Skip a car for the city itself. Parking is scarce, traffic is intense, and much of the historic center is closed to non-resident vehicles. Rent one only if you plan to explore the Amalfi Coast or countryside independently.
- Parking: paid guarded car parks near the port and station are the safest option; street parking marked with blue lines requires a ticket from a nearby machine.
- Restrictions: much of the historic center is a limited traffic zone (ZTL) enforced by camera and closed to non-resident vehicles.

Food & drink

Naples invented pizza. A Margherita here means thin crust, San Marzano tomatoes, mozzarella, and basil. Pizzeria Brandi, open since 1780, is where the Margherita was reportedly created for Queen Margherita in 1889. Beyond pizza, look for fried street food like arancini and cuoppo, a paper cone of fried seafood and vegetables, and finish with a sfogliatella pastry or a coffee from one of the city's historic bars.

For a concentrated food crawl, head to the Spaccanapoli area in the historic center, where pizzerias, pastry shops, and street-food stalls sit side by side.

What to eat & drink

LUNCH

Pizza Margherita
Thin-crust pizza topped with tomato, mozzarella, and basil, invented in Naples and still best there.

DINNER

Spaghetti alla Carbonara
Pasta with egg, cured pork cheek (guanciale), pecorino cheese, and black pepper, a Roman classic.

Risotto alla Milanese
Creamy saffron-infused rice dish from Milan, often served alongside braised veal shank.

Lasagna · Lasagne al Forno
Layered baked pasta with ragu, bechamel, and cheese, a staple of Emilia-Romagna cooking.

SNACKS & STREET FOOD

Prosciutto and Cheese · Prosciutto e Formaggio
Cured ham paired with regional cheeses, a common antipasto plate found nationwide.

SWEETS & DESSERTS

Gelato
Dense, slow-churned Italian ice cream, traditionally lower in fat and air than American-style ice cream.

Tiramisu · Tiramisù
Layered dessert of coffee-soaked ladyfingers and mascarpone cream, dusted with cocoa.

DRINKS

Espresso · Caffè
A short, strong shot of coffee drunk quickly, usually standing at a bar counter.

Wine · Vino
Italy is one of the world's largest wine producers, with regional styles from Piedmont's Barolo to Tuscany's Chianti.

Aperol Spritz
A bittersweet orange aperitif mixed with prosecco and soda water, a staple of the early-evening aperitivo.

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Safety & health

Naples is generally safe for tourists, but petty theft is more common here than in other Italian cities. Watch for pickpockets on crowded buses and trams and around Napoli Centrale station, and keep bags zipped and phones out of back pockets. Scooter-based bag snatching happens occasionally, so carry your bag on the side away from the road, especially near Piazza Garibaldi and the Spanish Quarter at night.

History

Naples was founded by Greek settlers around 470 BC as Neapolis, meaning "new city," next to an earlier Greek settlement called Parthenope. It became a major city under the Roman Empire, and Roman ruins still sit beneath the streets of the historic center, reachable on tours of Naples Underground Geothermal Zone.

For centuries afterward, Naples passed between Byzantine, Norman, Spanish, and finally Bourbon rule. The Bourbons made it the capital of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies, once one of Europe's largest cities. They built Royal Palace of Naples and filled Museo di Capodimonte with their art collection.

The devastating eruption of Mount Vesuvius in AD 79, which buried Pompeii and Herculaneum, is the region's defining historical event, and its aftermath is still visible on day trips from the city today.

Country facts

Quick practical facts for Italy at a glance:

CURRENCY
EUR €

EMERGENCY
112

ELECTRICITY

Type C / Type F / Type L
230 V · 50 Hz

LANGUAGES
Italian

TAP WATER
Safe to drink

Walks

Audio Guides by Tripomatic
Walk it with an audio guide
Available in 9 languages · **Plays when you arrive** · **Works offline**
Scan to get the app

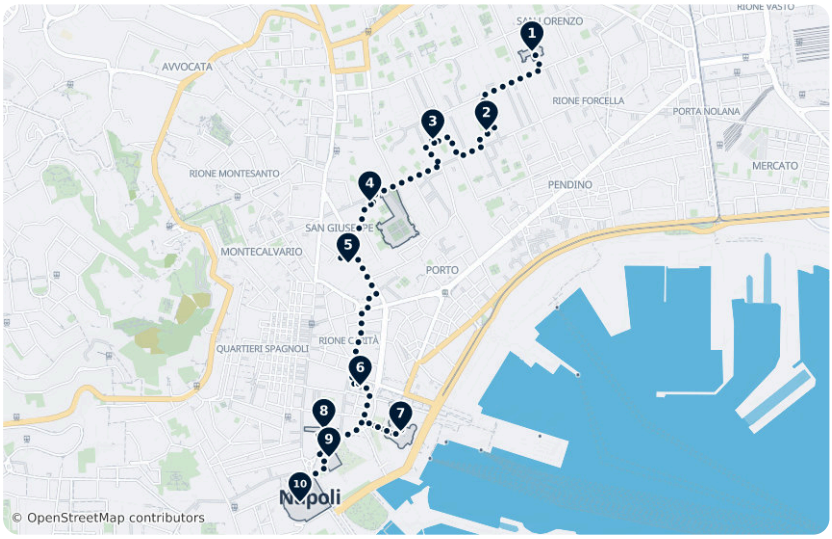
Best of Naples

1h 24min · 3.7 km · 10 stops



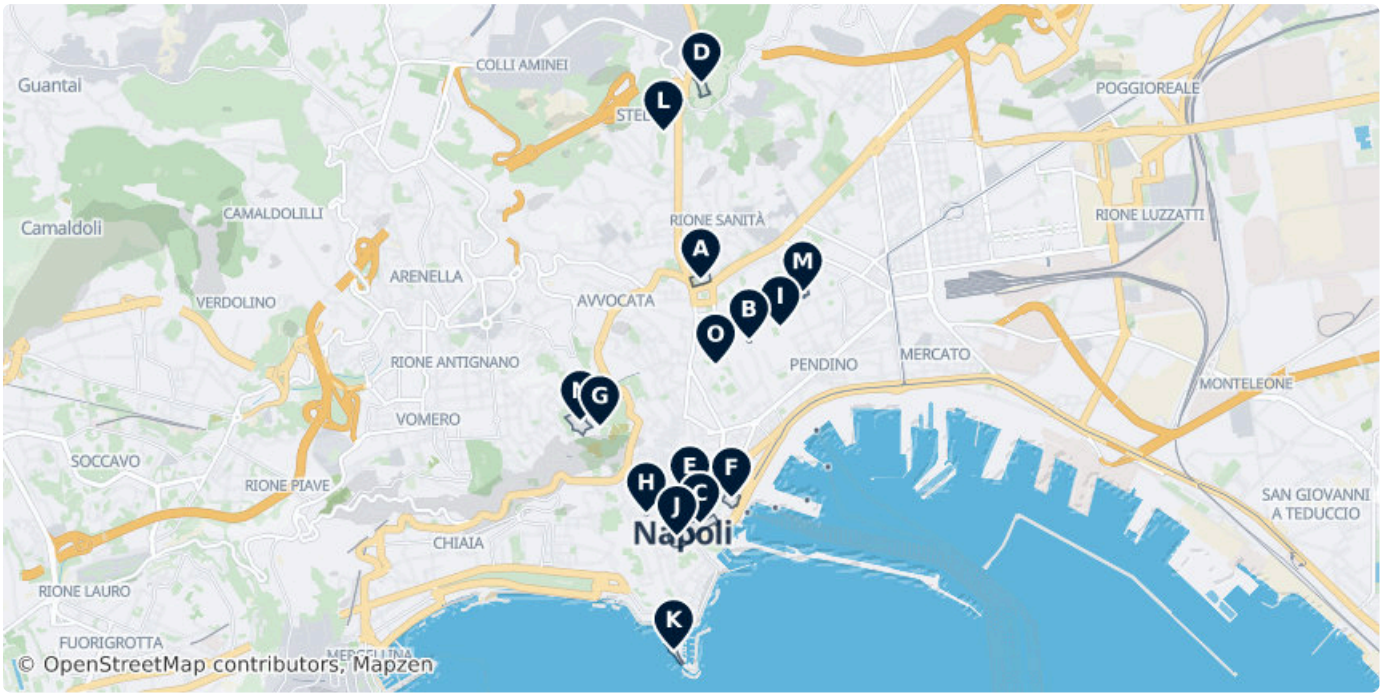
1. Naples Cathedral
2. San Gregorio Armeno
3. Sansevero Chapel
4. Gesù Nuovo and Santa Chiara
5. Sant'Anna dei Lombardi
6. Fountain of Neptune
7. Castel Nuovo
8. Galleria Umberto I
9. Teatro di San Carlo
10. Piazza del Plebiscito and the Royal Palace

Walk through the heart of Naples, from the cathedral where the blood of San Gennaro is kept to the grand square in front of the Royal Palace. Along the way you hear the stories behind the historic centre's best-known sights: the nativity craftsmen of San Gregorio Armeno, the Veiled Christ in the Sansevero Chapel, the majolica cloister of Santa Chiara, the Lamentation in Sant'Anna dei Lombardi, the Fountain of Neptune, the Angevin fortress of Castel Nuovo, the Galleria Umberto I, the San Carlo opera house and Piazza del Plebiscito. The route starts at the Cathedral on Via Duomo, about a 12-minute walk from Piazza Cavour.



Naples Essentials

Naples offers a dense concentration of historical sites, from the ancient Roman artifacts in the National Archaeological Museum to the paleo-Christian Catacombs of San Gennaro. This selection highlights the city's architectural evolution, featuring the medieval Castel Nuovo, the Renaissance Royal Palace, and the Baroque Sansevero Chapel, home to the Veiled Christ. Visitors can explore subterranean geothermal tunnels, walk the nativity-shop lined Via San Gregorio Armeno, or enjoy panoramic views from the hilltop Castel Sant'Elmo and the seafront Castel dell'Ovo.





A Naples National Archaeological Museum

The National Archaeological Museum of Naples is an important Italian archaeological museum, particularly for ancient Roman remains.

Piazza Museo Nazionale 19, 80135 Napoli, IT (40.85354, 14.25049)

Mo	09:00–19:30
Tu	Closed
We–Su	09:00–19:30

museoarcheologiconapoli.it, +39 081 4422149



B Sansevero Chapel Museum

Baroque chapel and museum renowned for its remarkable sculptures, including the Veiled Christ, and its collection of anatomical machines. It combines religious art, intricate Rococo sculptures, and scientific exhibits within a historic setting.

Via Francesco de Sanctis 19;21, 80134 (40.84934, 14.25490)

Mo–Su	09:00–19:00

museosansevero.it, +39 081 5518470



C Royal Palace of Naples

Historic royal palace and museum featuring Renaissance architecture and art collections from the Bourbon kings of Naples.

Piazza del Plebiscito, 80132 Napoli (40.83659, 14.25041)

Mo–Tu	09:00–20:00
We	Closed
Th–Su	09:00–20:00

palazzorealedinapoli.org, +39 081 5808255



D Museo di Capodimonte

Museo di Capodimonte is an art museum located in the Palace of Capodimonte, a grand Bourbon palazzo in Naples, Italy.

Via Milano 2, 80131 (40.86713, 14.25054)

Mo–Su	08:30–19:30

museocapodimonte.beniculturali.it, +39 081 749 9111



E Galleria Umberto I

Historic 19th-century covered shopping gallery featuring a glass and steel dome, mosaic floors, murals, and sculptures.

59 Galleria Umberto I, Napoli 80132, Italy (40.83846, 14.24948)

Mo–Su	Open 24/7

+39081400256



F New Castle

Historic medieval castle and civic museum featuring art, frescoes, and sculptures. It has served as a royal residence and cultural site since 1266.

Via Vittorio Emanuele III snc, 80133 Napoli (40.83837, 14.25330)

Mo–Su	09:00–19:00

comune.napoli.it/vivere-il-comune/lu... , +39 081 79 55 87 7



G St. Martin's Charterhouse

The Certosa di San Martino is a former monastery complex, now a museum, in Naples, southern Italy.

Largo San Martino 5, 80129 Napoli, Italy
(40.84333, 14.24124)

polomusealecampania.beniculturali.it/... , +39 0815 781 769



H Naples Underground Geothermal Zone

Running beneath the Italian city of Naples and the surrounding area is an underground geothermal zone and several tunnels dug during the...

Vico Sant'Anna di Palazzo 52, 80132 Napoli
(40.83732, 14.24549)

lanapolisotterranea.it, +39 081 296 944



I San Gregorio Armeno Street

Located in the historical heart of the city, this street is famous for being lined with a plethora of crib shops.

14 Via San Gregorio Armeno, Napoli 80138, Italy
(40.85023, 14.25775)



J Plebiscite Square

Large historic public square featuring neoclassical architecture and notable monuments such as a royal palace and a basilica.

Piazza del Plebiscito, Napoli 80132, Italy
(40.83571, 14.24829)

comune.napoli.it/home



K Castel dell'Ovo

Historic seafront castle built on the island of Megaride, featuring Norman architecture and panoramic views of the Bay of Naples.

7 Via Eldorado, Napoli 80132, Italy (40.82781, 14.24800)

Mo–Sa	09:00–18:30
Su	09:00–14:00

castel-dell-ovo.com



L Catacombs of San Gennaro

The Catacombs of San Gennaro are underground paleo-Christian burial and worship sites in Naples, Italy, carved out of tuff, a porous stone.

Via Tondo di Capodimonte 13, 80136 Napoli, Italy (40.86378, 14.24706)

catacombedinapoli.it, +39 081 744 37 14

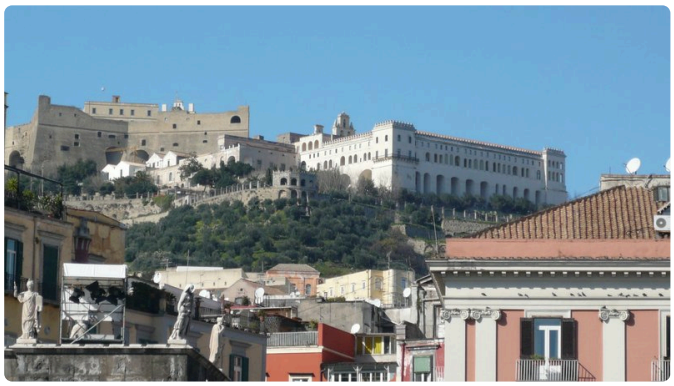


M Naples Cathedral

Historic Roman Catholic cathedral in Gothic style known for its religious relics and impressive art collections.

Via Duomo 147, Naples, Italy (40.85264, 14.25983)

chiesadinapoli.it, +39081421609



N Castel Sant'Elmo

Castel Sant'Elmo is a medieval fortress located on Vomero Hill adjacent to the Certosa di San Martino, overlooking Naples, Italy.

Via Tito Angelini 22, Napoli (40.84370, 14.23942)

Mo–Su	08:30–18:30

polomusealecampania.beniculturali.it/i... , +39 081 2294449



New Jesus Church

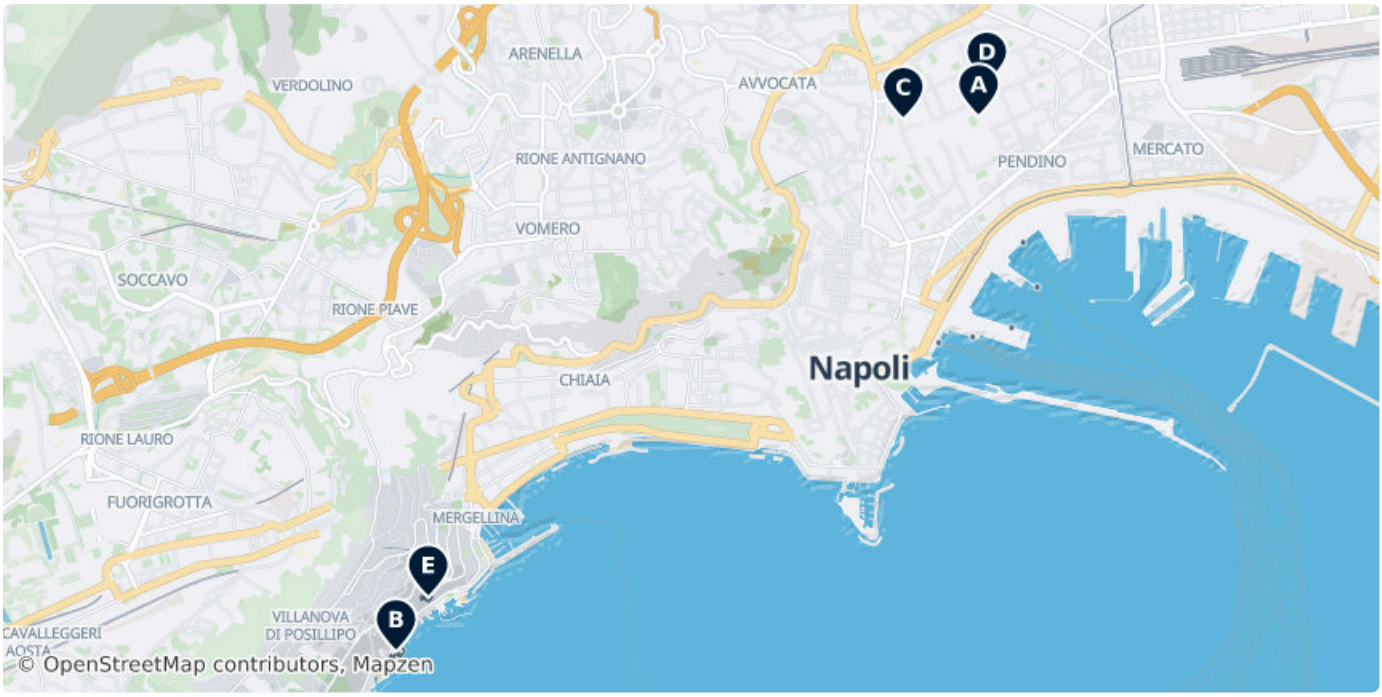
Gesù Nuovo is the name of a church and a square in Naples, Italy. They are located just outside the western boundary of the historic center...

Piazza del Gesù 1, 80135 Napoli, Italy (40.84761, 14.25184)

gesunuovo.it, +39 0815 578 151

Editor's Choice: Naples Highlights

Explore Naples through its architectural landmarks and historic streets. San Gregorio Armeno features traditional artisan workshops specializing in Nativity scenes, while Piazza Bellini reveals ancient Greek city walls. The coastal district of Posillipo houses the Baroque Villa Donn'Anna and the Neoclassical Villa Doria d'Angri. In the city center, the Girolamini complex preserves a monumental Baroque church and one of Italy's most significant historical libraries. These sites represent the city's evolution from antiquity through the 19th century.





A San Gregorio Armeno Street

Located in the historical heart of the city, this street is famous for being lined with a plethora of crib shops.

14 Via San Gregorio Armeno, Napoli 80138, Italy (40.85023, 14.25775)



B Villa Donn'Anna

Palazzo Donn'Anna is a historic residence in Naples, Italy. It sits prominently at water's edge at the beginning of the Posillipo coast,...

363 Via Posillipo, Napoli 80123, Italy (40.81995, 14.21414)

villadonnanna.it, +39 334 6264341



C Piazza Bellini, Naples

The Piazza Bellini is a plaza located in central Naples, Italy. The Via Santa Maria di Costantinopoli runs along its western side.

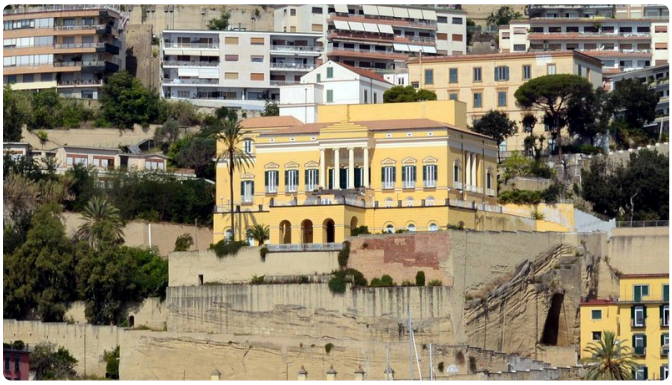
67 Piazza Vincenzo Bellini, Napoli 80138, Italy (40.85008, 14.25211)



D Girolamini Church & Convent

The Church and Convent of the Girolamini or Gerolamini is a church and ecclesiastical complex in Naples, Italy.

11 Vico dei Gerolomini, Napoli 80138, Italy (40.85207, 14.25837)



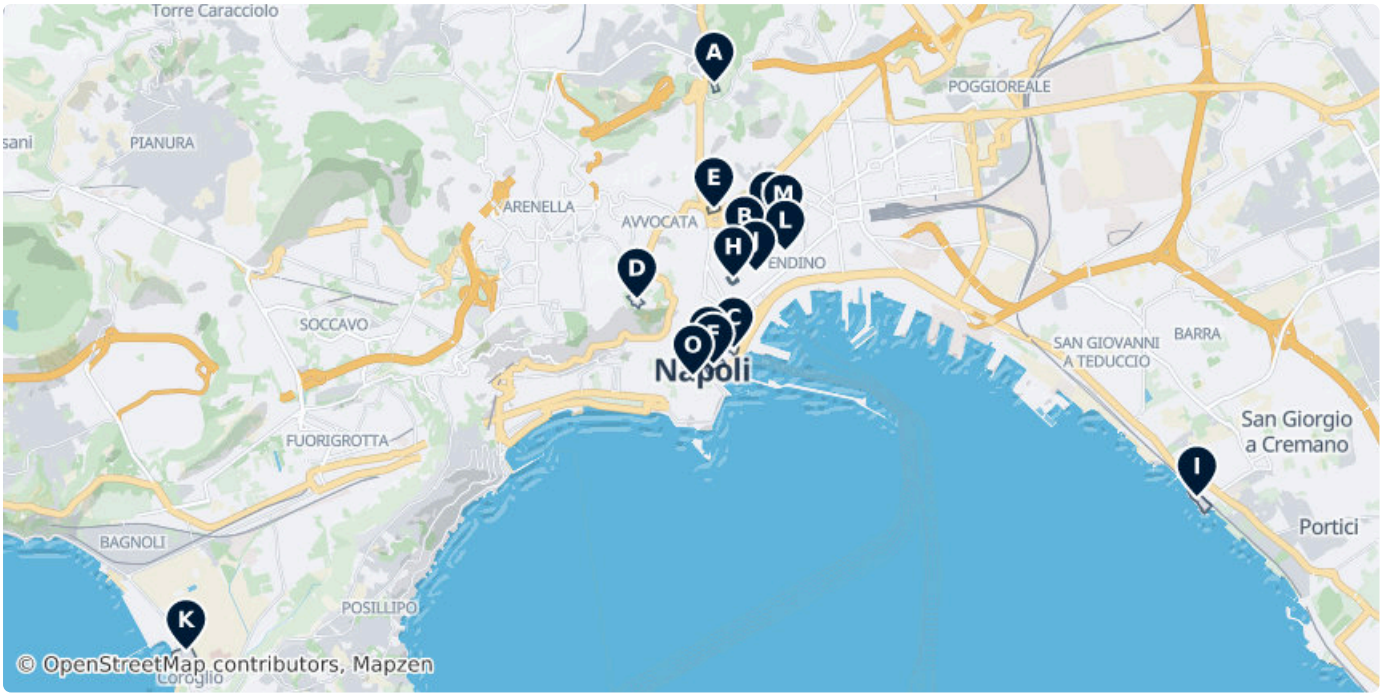
E Villa Doria d'Angri

Neoclassical villa built in 1833 for Prince Marcantonio Doria d'Angri. Designed by architect Bartolomeo Grasso, the structure sits on the Posillipo hill and currently serves as a campus for Parthenope University, housing a collection of naval models and nautical instruments.

410 Via Posillipo, Napoli 80122, Italy (40.82302, 14.21654)

Naples Museums & Art

Discover Naples' diverse cultural landscape through 15 distinguished museums and art sites. This collection includes grand historic palaces like the Museo Nazionale di Capodimonte, medieval fortresses such as Castel Nuovo, baroque chapels with intricate sculptures, and specialized museums like the National Archaeological Museum and Pietrarsa Railway Museum, showcasing artifacts from ancient Roman times to modern scientific exhibits.





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museocapodimonte.beniculturali.it, +39 081 749 9111



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Via Francesco de Sanctis 19;21, 80134 (40.84934, 14.25490)

Mo–Su 09:00–19:00

museosansevero.it, +39 081 5518470



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Via Vittorio Emanuele III snc, 80133 Napoli (40.83837, 14.25330)

Mo–Su	09:00–19:00

comune.napoli.it/vivere-il-comune/lu... , +39 081 79 55 87 7



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polomusealecampania.beniculturali.it/i... , +39 081 2294449



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museoarcheologiconapoli.it, +39 081 4422149



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Mo–Tu	09:00–20:00
We	Closed
Th–Su	09:00–20:00

palazzorealedinapoli.org, +39 081 5808255



G Royal Theater of Saint Charles

The Real Teatro di San Carlo, as originally named by the Bourbon monarchy but today known simply as the Teatro San Carlo, is a historic...

Via San Carlo 98, 80132 Napoli (40.83739, 14.24973)

teatrosancarlo.it, +39 081 7972331



H Chiostro delle Clarisse

Chiostro delle Clarisse is a historic cloister known for its majolica tile decorations, part of the Santa Chiara complex in Naples.

49B Via Santa Chiara, Napoli 80134, Italy (40.84603, 14.25327)

Mo–Sa	09:30–17:30
Su	10:00–14:30



I Pietrarsa Railway Museum

The National Railway Museum of Pietrarsa is close to the Naples–Portici railway.

Via Pietrarsa, 80146 Napoli, IT (40.82222, 14.31982)

Mo–Tu	Closed
We	Open
Th	14:00–20:00
Fr	09:00–16:30
Sa–Su	09:30–19:30

fondazionefs.it/content/fondazionefs/it/... , +39 081 472003



J Zoological Museum of Naples

The Zoological Museum of Naples, located in Naples, south Italy, was founded by Gioacchino Murat in 1811.

Via Mezzocannone, 80134 Napoli (40.84667, 14.25651)

Mo	09:00–13:30, 14:15–16:30
Tu–We	09:00–13:30
Th	09:00–13:30, 14:15–16:30
Fr	09:00–13:30

museiscienzenaturaliefisiche.it, +39 0812 535 160



K City of Science

The Città della Scienza is a museum in Naples, in Campania in southern Italy.

Via Coroglio 104 e 57, 80124 Napoli, Italy (40.80556, 14.17472)

cittadellascienza.it, +39 0817 352 220



L Cuomo Palace

The Museo Civico Filangieri is an eclectic collection of artworks, coins, and books assembled in the nineteenth century by Gaetano...

288 Via Duomo, Napoli 80138, Italy (40.84891, 14.26071)



M Pio Monte della Misericordia

The Pio Monte della Misericordia is a church in the historic center of Naples, southern Italy.

Via dei Tribunali 253, Napoli (40.85173, 14.26046)

Mo–Su 09:30–14:30

piomontedellamisericordia.it



N Girolamini Church & Convent

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11 Vico dei Gerolomini, Napoli 80138, Italy (40.85207, 14.25837)



San Francesco di Paola Basilica

San Francesco di Paola is a prominent church located to the west in Piazza del Plebiscito, the main square of Naples, Italy.

Piazza Plebiscito 23, 80132 Napoli, Italy
(40.83538, 14.24748)

+39 081 7645133

DATA SOURCES

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