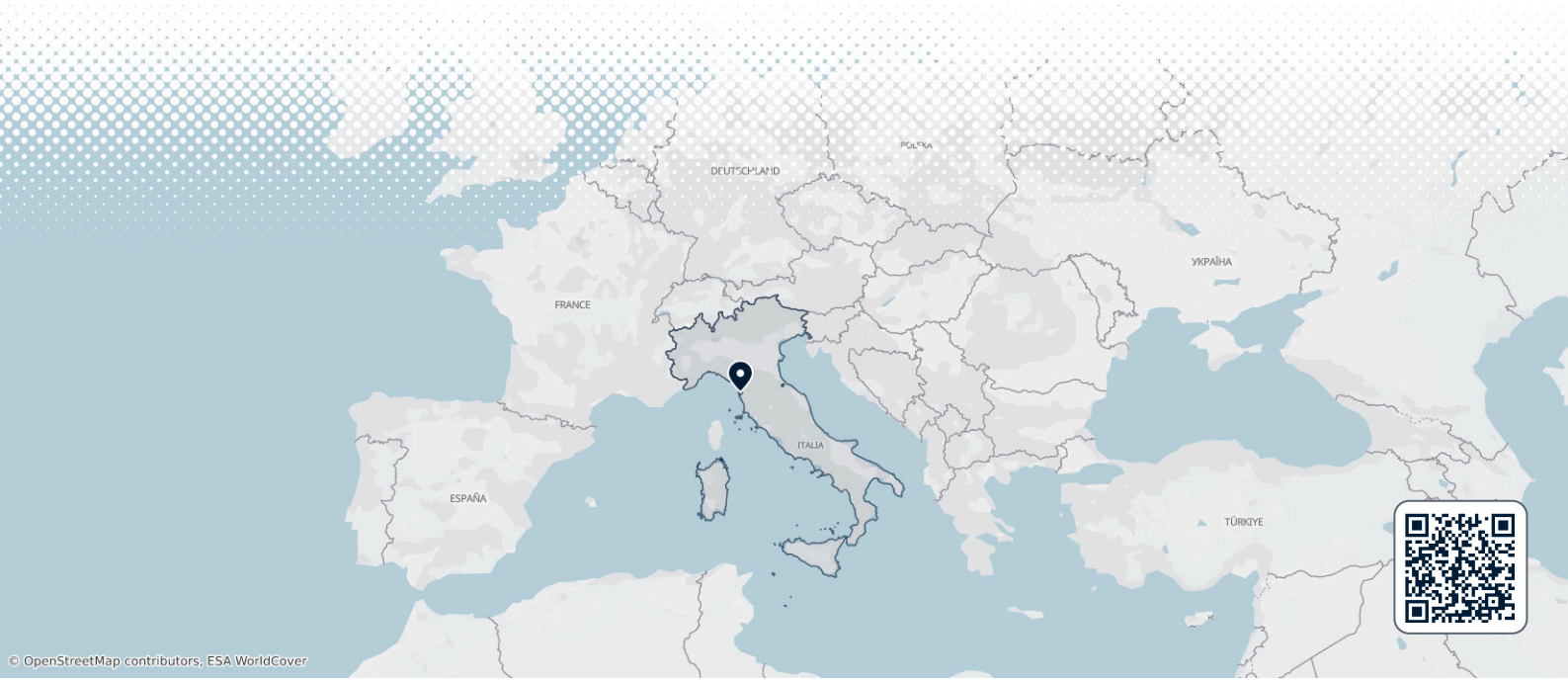


Pisa

Tuscany · Italy

TRAVEL GUIDE

Tripomatic



Overview

Pisa is a compact university city on the Arno river, about 10 km inland from the sea. Most visitors know it for one leaning bell tower, and many stay only a few hours. It is worth staying longer. The white marble buildings of Piazza dei Miracoli are among the finest medieval architecture in Italy, and the rest of the old town is calm, walkable and full of students.

Pisa suits a short city break or a base for northern Tuscany. Trains reach Lucca, Florence and the coast quickly, and the airport is only a few minutes from the centre. *Galileo Galilei* was born here in 1564, and the University of Pisa, founded in 1343, still shapes daily life in the cafés, bookshops and squares.

When to visit

Spring and autumn are the best seasons: mild, sunny and less crowded. Summer is hot and humid, and the Piazza dei Miracoli is packed by mid-morning. Winter is cool and often rainy, but it is the quietest time to see the monuments.

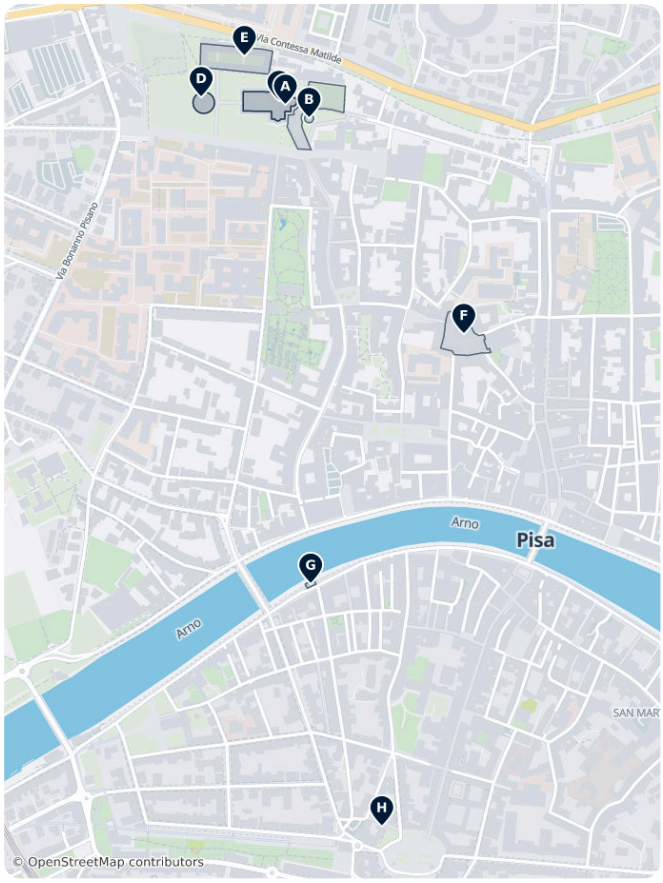
June is the month to plan around. On the evening of 16 June the **Luminara** lights up the riverfront with thousands of candles, the highlight of a month of traditional events. Book accommodation early for mid-June.

MONTH	CONDITIONS	DAY °C avg / max	NIGHT °C avg / min	
January	Fair Fair for sightseeing	11° / 16° Feels like 7°	5° / 0°	Dry air
February	Fair Fair for sightseeing	12° / 17° Feels like 9°	5° / 0°	Dry air
March	Good Good for sightseeing	15° / 20° Feels like 12°	7° / 2°	Dry air
April	Good Good for sightseeing	19° / 24°	10° / 5°	Dry air
May	Great Great for sightseeing	23° / 29°	14° / 10°	Dry air · Calm winds
June	Great Great for sightseeing	29° / 34°	18° / 14°	Humid air · Calm winds
July	Good Good for sightseeing	32° / 36°	21° / 18°	25 sunny days · Humid air · Calm winds
August	Fair Fair for sightseeing	32° / 37°	21° / 18°	22 sunny days · Humid air · Calm winds · Up to 5 days above 35°
September	Great Great for sightseeing	27° / 32°	18° / 13°	Calm winds
October	Great Great for sightseeing	22° / 27°	14° / 9°	
November	Fair Fair for sightseeing	16° / 21°	10° / 3°	14 rainy days · Dry air
December	Poor Poor for sightseeing	12° / 16° Feels like 9°	6° / 1°	12 rainy days · Dry air

Best months: May, June, September, October

Climate data: NASA POWER (MERRA-2) · 1996–2025

Top sights



A Piazza dei Miracoli is the reason most people come. Its lawn holds four great medieval buildings in white marble, and it is a UNESCO World Heritage Site. Arrive early or late in the day to avoid the tour groups.

B Leaning Tower of Pisa is the cathedral's bell tower, started in 1173 and leaning almost from the start. You can climb it with a **timed ticket**, and bags must be left in the free cloakroom first. Children under 8 may not climb, and older children need ID showing their age.

C Pisa Cathedral is the heart of the square, with a bronze door, a carved pulpit by *Giovanni Pisano* and a golden ceiling. It opens to visitors later in the morning than the other monuments.

D Baptistery of St John is the largest baptistery in Italy. Its dome gives a long, clear echo, and you can climb to the upper gallery for a view of the cathedral.

The E Camposanto is a long marble cloister, founded in 1277 to gather the graves scattered around the cathedral. Its frescoes, including the *Triumph of Death*, were badly damaged in a fire in 1944 and have since been restored.

F Knights' Square was the political centre of medieval Pisa. Today the Scuola Normale, one of Italy's top universities, uses the palace with the decorated façade.

G Santa Maria della Spina is a tiny Gothic church on the riverbank, covered in spires and statues. It was taken apart and rebuilt higher up in 1871 to protect it from the river.

H Tuttomondo is a huge, colourful mural by *Keith Haring* on a church wall near the station. Painted in 1989, it was one of his last public works.

Pisa – Plan Your Trip
Turn the places from this guide into a real itinerary, with smart routing, time estimates, and everything you need for a perfect trip.
3M+ downloads · 4.6 stars · 15 years of trip planning
App Store · Google Play
Scan to download the app

What to experience

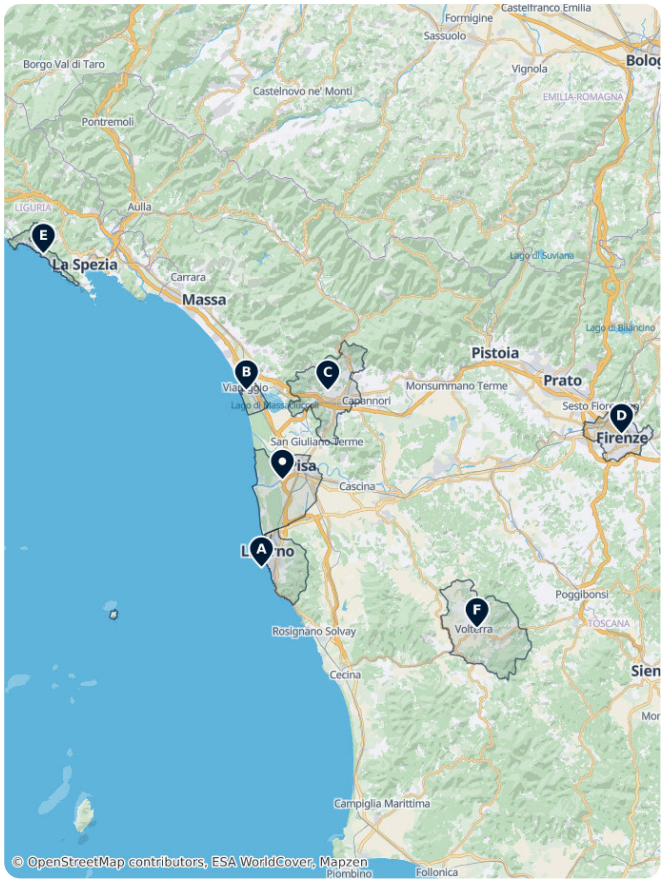
A few local traditions and activities are worth planning around.

- **Luminara di San Ranieri (16 June)**: On the evening before the patron saint's day, thousands of small candles outline the palaces and churches along the river. The night ends with fireworks over the Arno.
- **Palio di San Ranieri (17 June)**: A rowing race on the Arno between the city's four historic districts, held the day after the Luminara.
- **Gioco del Ponte (last Saturday of June)**: A costumed parade along the river, then teams from the north and south banks push a heavy cart against each other on the Ponte di Mezzo.
- **Walking the walls**: A 3 km walkway runs along the top of Mura di Pisa, the 12th-century city walls, starting at the edge of the cathedral square. Go in the late afternoon for soft light on the tower.
- **Cycling or walking in San Rossore**: San Rossore Estate is a large former royal estate of pine woods and meadows just west of the city, with marked paths, horse riding and wildlife such as deer and wild boar.
- **A summer night climb**: From mid-June to the end of August the tower and the other monuments stay open late into the evening. A night climb is cooler and quieter than a midday one.

Day trips

Pisa sits on the main rail lines of northern Tuscany, so most day trips are easy without a car.

- A Livorno — about 15 min by train. A working port city with canals, a seafront promenade and very good seafood.
- B Viareggio — about 20 min by train. A seaside resort with a long beach promenade and Art Nouveau buildings, famous for its winter carnival.
- C Lucca — about 30 min by train. A relaxed walled town where you can walk or cycle the full circuit on top of the Renaissance walls.
- D Florence — about 1 hour by train, with frequent departures. The capital of Tuscany and home of Renaissance art; a long but rewarding day.
- E Cinque Terre National Park — about 1 hour 10 min by train to La Spezia, then local trains to the five coastal villages. Start early in summer.
- F Volterra — about 1 hour 15 min by car. A hilltop town with Etruscan walls and alabaster workshops; public transport is slow.



Where to explore

Pisa is a good starting point for the rest of Tuscany.

- **Walled towns and art cities**: Lucca is the closest and easiest. Florence is the region's capital. Volterra and San Gimignano are hill towns best reached by car.
- **On the coast**: Livorno is a port city to the south. Viareggio and Forte dei Marmi are beach resorts to the north, and Cinque Terre National Park lies further up the coast in Liguria.

Getting there

- **By air**: Pisa International Airport (Galileo Galilei) is the main airport for northern Tuscany, with many European flights. It is only about 2 km from the centre. The PisaMover shuttle train runs to Pisa Centrale station in about 5 minutes, daily from early morning to midnight.
- **By train**: Pisa Centrale is the main station, a 20-minute walk from the tower. Regional trains run often to Florence (about 1 hour), Lucca and Livorno, and Intercity trains run along the coast towards Genoa and Rome. Pisa San Rossore station is the closest to the tower. Trenitalia

Getting around

- **On foot**: The historic centre is small and flat. Walking from Pisa Centrale to the tower takes about 20–25 minutes through the shopping streets and across the river.
- **Bus**: Local buses are run by Autolinee Toscane. Line 1+ runs from the station to the tower area about every 10 minutes. You can **tap a contactless bank card or phone on board** to pay, at the normal fare; tap each time you board. Autolinee Toscane
- **Cycling**: The city is flat and has bike rentals, but traffic and narrow lanes make cycling in the centre less relaxing than walking. Cycling is best in the parkland west of the city.
- **Taxi**: Taxis wait at the station and the airport. Ride-hailing apps play only a minor role.

Getting around on foot & by bike

WALKABILITY

High

The flat, compact centre is easy to cover on foot; the station to the tower is about a 20-minute walk.

CYCLING INFRASTRUCTURE

Moderate

Flat terrain and bike rentals, but narrow, busy lanes in the centre; best in the parkland to the west.

Driving

- **Is a car worth it?**: Not for Pisa itself; the centre is walkable and the trains are good. A car helps only if you plan to explore the hill towns and the countryside.
- **Parking**: The large Pietrasantina car park, just north of the Piazza dei Miracoli, is the easiest choice for a short visit. Many hotels outside the centre have their own parking.
- **Restrictions**: The historic centre is a **ZTL (limited traffic zone)** enforced by cameras. Do not drive in without a permit, or you will receive a fine by post, often months later.

Food & drink

Pisan cooking is simple Tuscan food with a coastal touch. Look for *cecina*, a thin, crisp chickpea flatbread eaten hot from the oven, often in a sandwich. Other local dishes include salt cod, wild boar stew and *torta co' bischeri*, a sweet rice and chocolate tart.

The restaurants right around the tower are mostly tourist traps. Walk 10 minutes south instead. The old market square of Piazza delle Vettovaglie and the small streets around it have simple osterie and wine bars that fill with students in the evening. Borgo Stretto and the streets near Piazza Garibaldi are good for coffee and pastries.

What to eat & drink

LUNCH

Pizza Margherita
Thin-crust pizza topped with tomato, mozzarella, and basil, invented in Naples and still best there.

DINNER

Spaghetti alla Carbonara
Pasta with egg, cured pork cheek (guanciale), pecorino cheese, and black pepper, a Roman classic.

Risotto alla Milanese
Creamy saffron-infused rice dish from Milan, often served alongside braised veal shank.

Lasagna · Lasagne al Forno
Layered baked pasta with ragu, bechamel, and cheese, a staple of Emilia-Romagna cooking.

SNACKS & STREET FOOD

Prosciutto and Cheese · Prosciutto e Formaggio
Cured ham paired with regional cheeses, a common antipasto plate found nationwide.

SWEETS & DESSERTS

Gelato
Dense, slow-churned Italian ice cream, traditionally lower in fat and air than American-style ice cream.

Tiramisu · Tiramisù
Layered dessert of coffee-soaked ladyfingers and mascarpone cream, dusted with cocoa.

DRINKS

Espresso · Caffè
A short, strong shot of coffee drunk quickly, usually standing at a bar counter.

Wine · Vino
Italy is one of the world's largest wine producers, with regional styles from Piedmont's Barolo to Tuscany's Chianti.

Aperol Spritz
A bittersweet orange aperitif mixed with prosecco and soda water, a staple of the early-evening aperitivo.

Pisa – Plan Your Trip

Turn the places from this guide into a real itinerary, with smart routing, time estimates, and everything you need for a perfect trip.

3M+ downloads · **4.6 stars** · **15 years of trip planning**

App Store · Google Play

Scan to download the app

Safety & health

Pisa is a safe city for visitors. The main risk is pickpocketing in crowds, especially on the Piazza dei Miracoli, on the busy buses between the station and the tower, and at the station itself. Keep bags closed and phones out of back pockets.

Around the tower, street sellers offer selfie sticks and fake designer goods, and some try to tie a "free" bracelet on your wrist and then ask for money. A polite, firm "no, grazie" is enough. Buying counterfeit goods is illegal in Italy, and buyers can be fined.

History

In the Middle Ages Pisa was one of Italy's great sea powers, a maritime republic that traded across the Mediterranean and fought rivals such as Genoa. The wealth from that trade paid for the marble buildings of Piazza dei Miracoli. Work on the Leaning Tower of Pisa started in 1173, and the soft ground made it lean while it was still being built. It took about 200 years to finish. Engineers finally stabilised the tilt between 1990 and 2001.

Pisa's power ended with a heavy naval defeat by Genoa at the Battle of Meloria in 1284. In the early 1400s Florence took control of the city. The Medici rulers later rebuilt Knights' Square as the base of a new knightly order, and the university grew into one of Europe's leading centres of science. *Galileo Galilei* studied and taught here.

The city was badly damaged in the Second World War. In July 1944 an Allied raid set the roof of the Camposanto on fire, and its frescoes took decades to restore.

Country facts

Quick practical facts for Italy at a glance:

CURRENCY
EUR €

EMERGENCY
112

ELECTRICITY



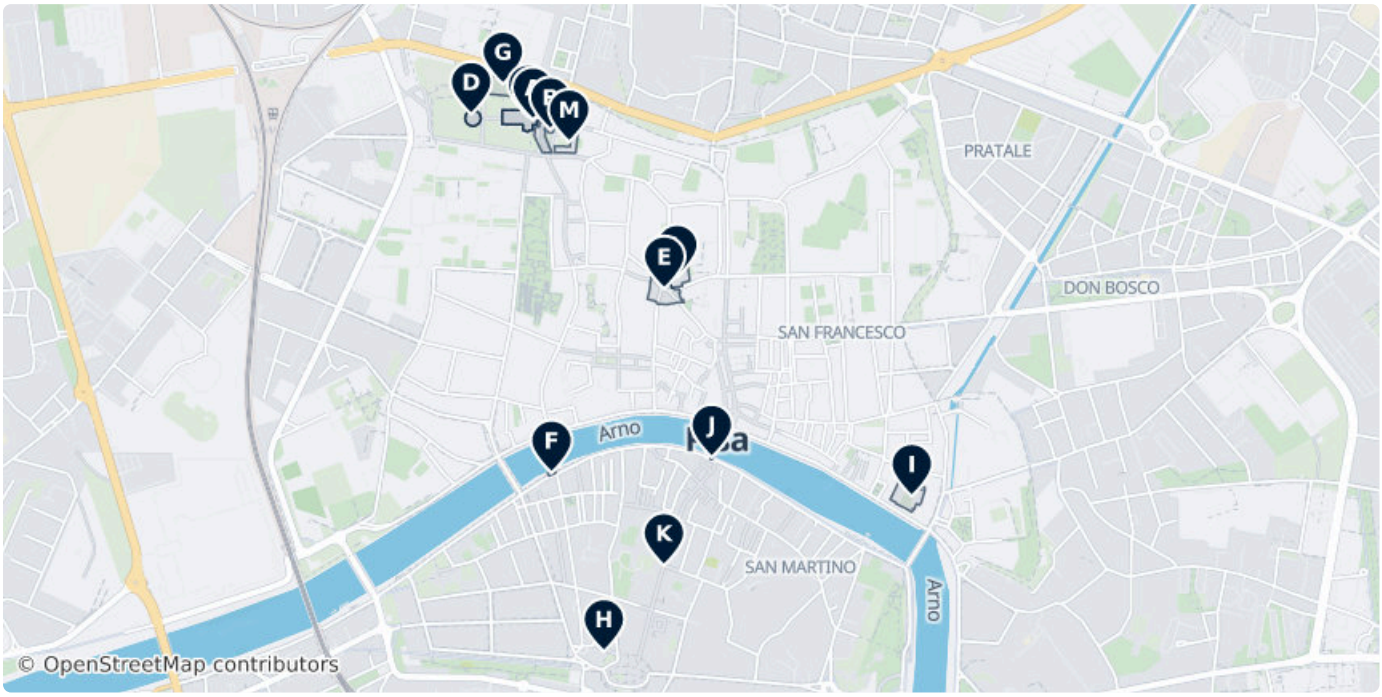
Type C / Type F / Type L
230 V · 50 Hz

LANGUAGES
Italian

TAP WATER
Safe to drink

Pisa Essentials

Pisa's architectural identity centers on the Piazza dei Miracoli, a UNESCO site home to the Romanesque Cathedral, the circular Baptistery, and the iconic Leaning Tower. Beyond these white marble landmarks, the city preserves Renaissance history at the Knights' Square and the elaborate facade of Palazzo della Carovana. Along the Arno River, the tiny Gothic jewel of Santa Maria della Spina and the views from Ponte di Mezzo offer a different perspective. The collection is rounded out by the National Museum of San Matteo and Keith Haring's final public mural, Tuttomondo.





A Duomo Square

Also known as Piazza dei Miracoli, this is the ground that connects several of probably the most famous landmarks in Italy.

Piazza del Duomo, 56126 Pisa PI, Italy (43.72323, 10.39608)



B Leaning Tower of Pisa

Medieval freestanding bell tower known for its unintended tilt and exemplary Romanesque architecture. It is a UNESCO World Heritage Site and a significant historical and architectural landmark.

Piazza del Duomo, 56126 Pisa, Italy (43.72301, 10.39663)

Mo–Su 17:30

opapisa.it



C Pisa Cathedral

Historic Romanesque Roman Catholic cathedral known for its architectural beauty, rich decorations, and cultural heritage.

Piazza del Miracoli, 56126 Pisa, Italy (43.72329, 10.39594)

Jan 01-Jan 08 Mo–Su	10:00–19:00
Jan 09-Jan 31 Mo–Su	10:00–18:00
Feb-Mar Mo–Su	10:00–18:00
Apr-Sep Mo–Su	10:00–20:00
Oct Mo–Su	10:00–19:00
Nov Mo–Su	10:00–18:00
Dec 01-Dec 24 Mo–Su	10:00–18:00
Dec 25-Dec 31 Mo–Su	10:00–19:00

opapisa.it/visita/cattedrale/



D Baptistery of St John

Historic baptistery combining Romanesque and Gothic architectural styles, renowned for its rich sculptures, Renaissance art, and exceptional acoustics.

Piazza del Duomo, Pisa PI, Italy (43.72335, 10.39414)

Nov 02-Mar 19 Mo–Su	09:00–19:00
Mar 20-Nov 01 Mo–Su	08:00–20:00

opapisa.it/en/square-of-miracles/baptiste... , +39050835011



E Knights' Square

Historic Renaissance square known for its medieval and Renaissance architecture, featuring important monuments and serving as a cultural and educational center.

Piazza dei Cavalieri, 56126 Pisa, Tuscany, Italy (43.71940, 10.40021)

opapisa.it



F Santa Maria della Spina

Situated on the riverbank, this charming church dating to the 13th century will catch your eye immediately.

Lungarno Gambacorti, 56100 Pisa, Italy (43.71522, 10.39667)

Nov-Feb Tu–Su	10:00–14:00
Mar-Oct Tu–Fr	10:30–13:30, 14:30–18:00
Mar-Oct Sa–Su	10:00–13:30, 14:30–19:00

comune.pisa.it/en, +39 055 321 5446



G Monumental Cemetery

Literally "Holy Field", this peaceful cemetery holds the sacred soil from Golgotha.

Piazza del Duomo, 56126 Pisa PI, Italy (43.72404, 10.39514)

opapisa.it/visita/camposanto/



H Tuttomondo

This colorful mural is the last public work that the renowned American artist Keith Haring created before his death in 1990.

18 Piazza Vittorio Emanuele II, Pisa 56125, Italy (43.71117, 10.39831)



I National Museum of San Matteo

The National Museum of San Matteo in Pisa displays works from historic ecclesiastical buildings in the city and Province of Pisa.

Piazza San Matteo in Soarta 1, 56126 Pisa (43.71469, 10.40798)

Tu–Sa	08:30–19:30
Su	09:00–11:30

museitoscana.cultura.gov.it/luoghi_della... , +39 050 541865



J Ponte di Mezzo

Though this bridge may seem rather ordinary, the view it offers is simply magnificent.

66 Lungarno Mediceo, Pisa 56127, Italy (43.71558, 10.40170)



K Corso Italia

Situated in the heart of the city, this street is one of the most popular shopping destinations.

86 Corso Italia, Pisa 56125, Italy (43.71312, 10.40020)



L Carovana Palace

Palazzo della Carovana is a palace in Knights' Square, Pisa, Italy, presently housing the main building of the Scuola Normale Superiore di...

Piazza dei Cavalieri 7, 56126 Pisa (43.71966, 10.40062)

sns.it/en/scuola/luoghi/sedi/palazzodellacarovana/



M Museum of the Cathedral

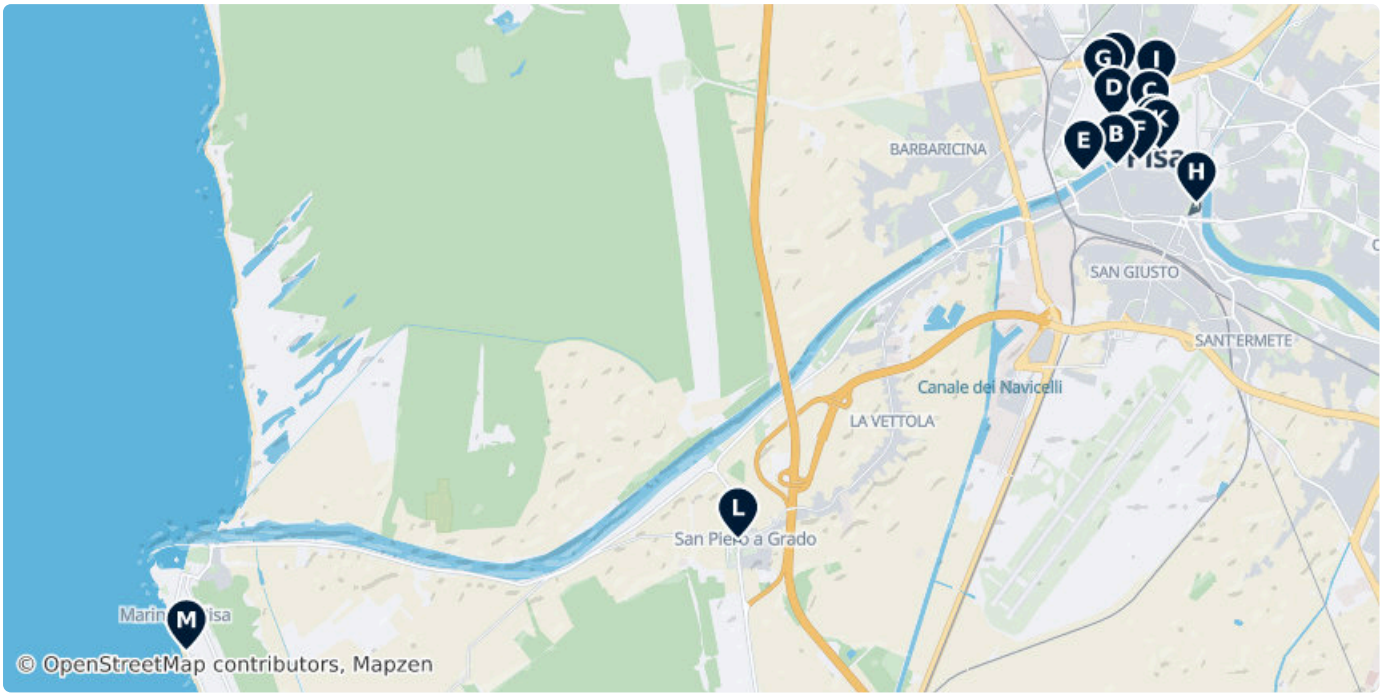
This museum holds an impressive collection of artifacts that once used to be the Cathedral Treasure, including medieval liturgical objects...

Piazza del Duomo 3, 56126 Pisa, Italy (43.72273, 10.39722)

opapisa.it/visita/museo-dellopera/, +39 508 35011

Pisa Editor's Choice

A hand-picked mix of Pisa's best sights beyond the famous tower: Renaissance squares, museums, the botanical garden, Roman ruins and the seaside at Marina di Pisa.





A Leaning Tower of Pisa

This medieval Romanesque bell tower is celebrated for its unintended tilt and holds UNESCO World Heritage status on Piazza del Duomo.

Piazza del Duomo, 56126 Pisa, Italy (43.72301, 10.39663)

Mo–Su	17:30

opapisa.it



B Santa Maria della Spina

Dating to the 13th century, this small Gothic church stands directly along the riverbank on Lungarno Gambacorti.

Lungarno Gambacorti, 56100 Pisa, Italy (43.71522, 10.39667)

Nov-Feb Tu–Su	10:00–14:00
Mar-Oct Tu–Fr	10:30–13:30, 14:30–18:00
Mar-Oct Sa–Su	10:00–13:30, 14:30–19:00

comune.pisa.it/en, +39 055 321 5446



C Church of Santo Stefano dei Cavalieri

Set on Piazza dei Cavalieri, this Mannerist church with a marble facade dates back to construction begun in 1565.

Piazza dei Cavalieri 8, 56100 Pisa, Italy (43.71932, 10.40106)

+39 50 580814



D Pisa Botanical Garden

Operated by the University of Pisa, this botanical garden and museum features historic grounds and greenhouses.

56126 Pisa (43.71964, 10.39633)

ortomuseobot.sma.unipi.it, +39 050 2211316



E Museum of Ancient Ships, Pisa

Located on Lungarno Ranieri Simonelli, this museum displays ancient vessels and maritime archaeology.

Lungarno Ranieri Simonelli 16, 56125 Pisa (43.71463, 10.39237)

Tu–Th	10:00–14:00
Fr–Su	10:30–18:30

navidipisa.it, +39 050 8057880



F Palazzo Blu

Housed on the riverbank at Lungarno Gambacorti, this cultural center and art museum hosts temporary exhibitions and art collections.

Lungarno Gambacorti 9, 56125 Pisa (43.71565, 10.39974)

palazzoblu.it, +39 502 204650



G Museo delle Sinopie

Located on Piazza del Duomo, this museum is dedicated to the sinopie underdrawings from the frescoes of the Camposanto Monumentale.

Piazza del Duomo 17, 56126 (43.72238, 10.39494)

opapisa.it/visita/museo-delle-sinopie/



H Giardino Scotto

Occupying the former fortress of the Cittadella Nuova along the river, this public park preserves historical fortifications.

1 Lungarno Leonardo Fibonacci, Pisa 56125, Italy (43.71163, 10.40723)

Nov-Jan Mo–Su	08:00–17:00
Feb-Mar Mo–Su	08:00–17:30
Apr Mo–Su	08:00–19:00
May Mo–Su	08:00–20:00
Jun-Aug Mo–Su	08:00–20:30

turismo.pisa.it/it/cultura/dettaglio/Giardi... , +39 050 230 44



I Baths of Nero

Situated near Porta a Lucca, this archaeological site preserves Roman ruins from the ancient Colonia Pisana.

14 Largo del Parlascio, Pisa 56127, Italy (43.72228, 10.40196)



J Piazza delle Vettovaglie

This pedestrian cobblestone square in the historic center connects Via Borgo Stretto with Piazza Sant'Omobono.

9 Piazza delle Vettovaglie, Pisa 56126, Italy (43.71697, 10.40178)



K Borgo Stretto

This pedestrian shopping street in central Pisa is lined with stores, cafes, and eateries.

4 Borgo Stretto, Pisa 56127, Italy (43.71667, 10.40242)



L Basilica di San Piero a Grado

A Romanesque basilica about 7 km west of Pisa, on the spot where tradition says St Peter landed in Italy, known for its early-14th-century fresco cycle by Deodato Orlandi.

(43.67967, 10.34689)



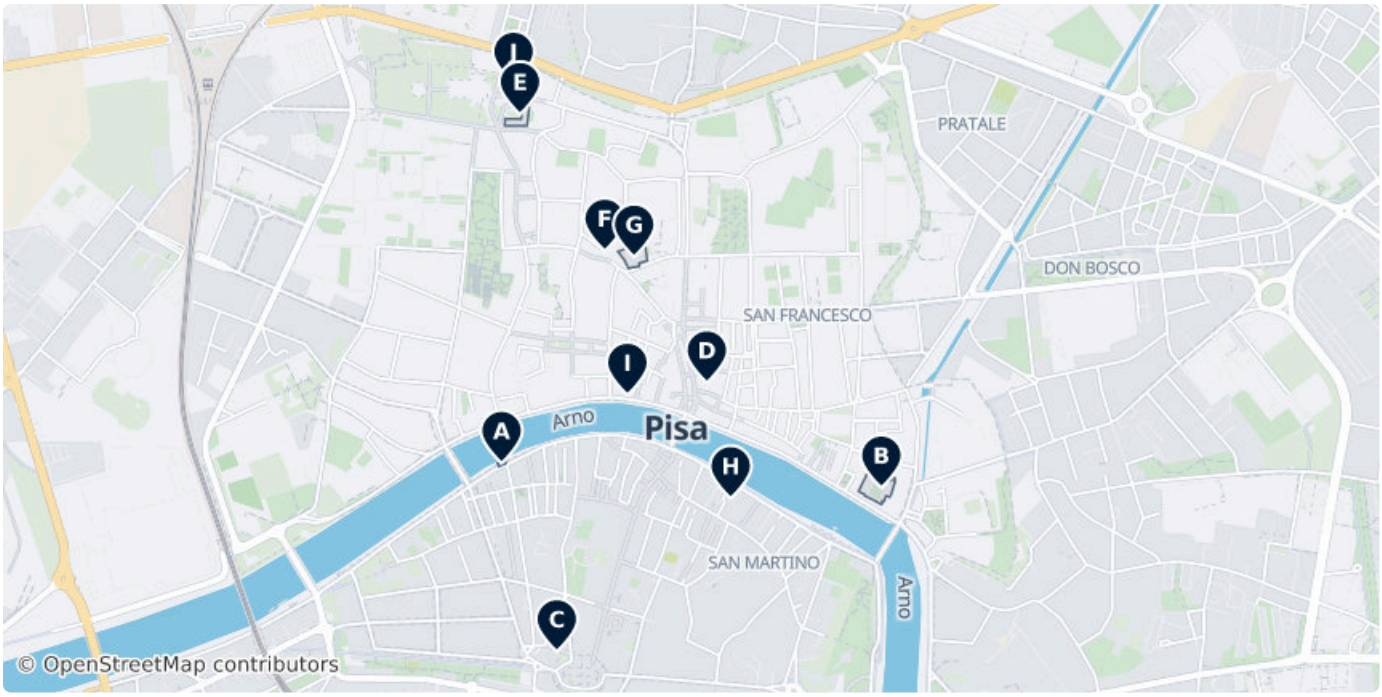
M Marina di Pisa

A seaside resort town in Tuscany, offering coastal scenery along the Tyrrhenian shore.

37 Via Repubblica Pisana, Marina di Pisa 56128, Italy (43.66902, 10.27428)

Hidden Gems of Pisa

Beyond the Leaning Tower, Pisa offers a rich collection of artistic and architectural landmarks. Along the Arno River, the 13th-century Gothic church of Santa Maria della Spina stands out with its intricate facade, while the National Museum of San Matteo houses significant medieval ecclesiastical art. The city's history is further showcased in the Renaissance-era Piazza dei Cavalieri, home to the Carovana Palace and the unique Clock Tower. Modern art is represented by Keith Haring's vibrant "Tuttomondo" mural, and historic meeting spots like Caffè dell'Ussero have hosted intellectuals since 1775.





A Santa Maria della Spina

Situated on the riverbank, this charming church dating to the 13th century will catch your eye immediately.

Lungarno Gambacorti, 56100 Pisa, Italy
(43.71522, 10.39667)

Nov-Feb Tu–Su	10:00–14:00
Mar-Oct Tu–Fr	10:30–13:30, 14:30–18:00
Mar-Oct Sa–Su	10:00–13:30, 14:30–19:00

comune.pisa.it/en, +39 055 321 5446



B National Museum of San Matteo

The National Museum of San Matteo in Pisa displays works from historic ecclesiastical buildings in the city and Province of Pisa.

Piazza San Matteo in Soarta 1, 56126 Pisa
(43.71469, 10.40798)

Tu–Sa	08:30–19:30
Su	09:00–11:30

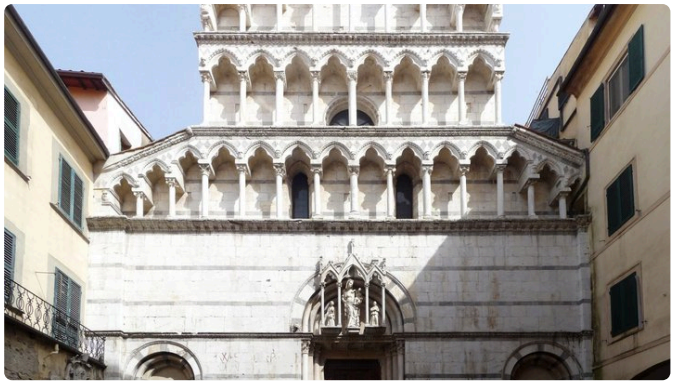
museitoscana.cultura.gov.it/luoghi_della... , +39 050 541865



C Tuttomondo

This colorful mural is the last public work that the renowned American artist Keith Haring created before his death in 1990.

18 Piazza Vittorio Emanuele II, Pisa 56125, Italy (43.71117, 10.39831)



D San Michele in Borgo

Built towards the end of 10th century, this church is a wonderful showcase of various architectural features applied to one building.

Borgo Stretto, 8-12, 56127 Pisa (43.71695, 10.40279)

sanmicheleinborgo.info/eng



E Museum of the Cathedral

This museum holds an impressive collection of artifacts that once used to be the Cathedral Treasure, including medieval liturgical objects...

Piazza del Duomo 3, 56126 Pisa, Italy (43.72273, 10.39722)

opapisa.it/visita/museo-dellopera/, +39 508 35011



F Palazzo dell'Orologio

Now home to the university library, this historical palace is worth stopping by for its quite unusual shape and wall decorations.

Piazza dei Cavalieri, 56126 Pisa, Italy (43.71979, 10.39974)

biblio.sns.it, +39 50 50 92 05



G Carovana Palace

Palazzo della Carovana is a palace in Knights' Square, Pisa, Italy, presently housing the main building of the Scuola Normale Superiore di...

Piazza dei Cavalieri 7, 56126 Pisa (43.71966, 10.40062)

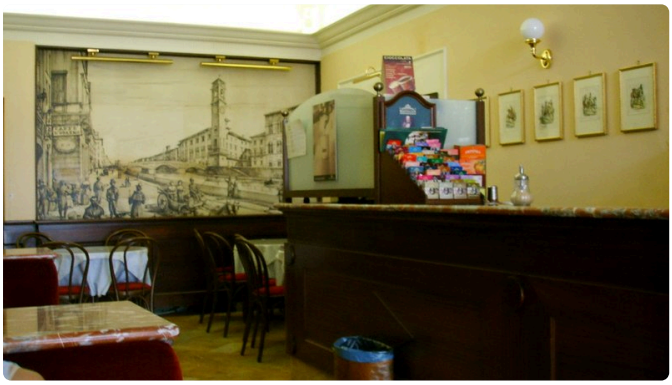
sns.it/en/scuola/luoghi/sedi/palazzodellacarovana/



H Church of the Santo Sepolcro

The Church of the Santo Sepolcro is a religious edifice in Pisa, Tuscany, Italy.

Piazza Santo Sepolcro, 5, 56125 Pisa (43.71446, 10.40349)



I Caffè dell'Ussero

This café has quite a long history, being open since 1775. This is where the local political and art scene thrived.

Lungarno Antonio Pacinotti 27, 56126 Pisa, Italy (43.71669, 10.40042)

+39 505 81100



J Lupa Capitolina

Situated near Pisa's famous landmarks, this statue depicts the Capitoline Wolf with Romulus and Remus, the symbol of the birth of Rome.

23 Piazza del Duomo, Pisa 56126, Italy (43.72338, 10.39703)

DATA SOURCES

Map data	© OpenStreetMap contributors, ESA WorldCover, Mapzen
Data	© OpenStreetMap contributors, Wikidata, Wikipedia, Tripomatic, Official websites

IMAGE CREDITS

- Duomo Square — "Piazza del Duomo in Pisa" by Mihael Grmek, CC BY-SA 3.0
- Leaning Tower of Pisa — "Pisa Cathedral (Duomo di Pisa) (forefront), The Leaning Tower of Pisa..." by Mstyslav Chernov, CC BY-SA 3.0
- Pisa Cathedral — "Veduta aerea di Piazza dei Miracoli" by Nicola Gronchi, CC BY-SA 3.0
- Baptistery of St John — "This photo was taken with Panasonic Lumix DMC-GH3 camera, thanks to..." by Dawid Skalec, CC BY-SA 4.0
- Knights' Square — "Knights' Square, Pisa" by Stephen Sommerhalter, CC BY-SA 3.0
- Santa Maria della Spina — "Church Santa Maria della spina in Pisa, Italy." by Stephan M. Höhne, CC-BY-SA-3.0
- Monumental Cemetery — "Camposanto e piazza" by gabriele bartolucci, CC BY 2.5
- Tuttomondo — "Tuttomondo" by Robert Szabo, CC-BY-SA
- National Museum of San Matteo — "Polittico di Santa Caterina, di Simone Martini, conservato nel Museo Nazionale..." by Luca Aless, CC BY-SA 4.0
- Ponte di Mezzo — "View of Palazzo Pretorio and Ponte di Mezzo, Pisa, Italy" by F.delu, Cc-by-sa-3.0
- Corso Italia — "Corso Italia st., Pisa, Italy" by DV, CC BY-SA 3.0
- Carovana Palace — "Palazzo della Carovana, Pisa, Italy" by Lucarelli, CC BY-SA 3.0
- Museum of the Cathedral — "Museo dell'Opera del Duomo, Pisa" by Luca Aless, CC BY-SA 3.0
- Leaning Tower of Pisa — "Leaning Tower (Pisa) 2015 1" by Steven Lek, cc-by-sa-4.0
- Santa Maria della Spina — "Església de Santa Maria della Spina de Pisa" by Joanbanjo, cc-by-sa-3.0
- Church of Santo Stefano dei Cavalieri — "579PisaSStefanoCavalieri" by Geobia, cc-by-sa-3.0
- Pisa Botanical Garden — "Orto botanico di Pisa 3" by Laurentius, cc-by-sa-2.5
- Museum of Ancient Ships, Pisa — "Nave I Museo delle Navi Antiche di Pisa" by Federigo Federighi, cc-by-sa-4.0
- Palazzo Blu — "Palazzo Giuli Rosselmini Gualandi Pisa" by Japs 88, cc-by-sa-4.0
- Museo delle Sinopie — "Musée Sinopie - Pise (IT52) - 2022-08-31 - 2" by Chabe01, cc-by-sa-4.0
- Giardino Scotto — "Giardino di Scotto, galleria 02" by Sailko, cc-by-2.5
- Baths of Nero — "Bagni di nerone 06 copertura" by Sailko, cc-by-2.5
- Piazza delle Vettovaglie — "Servizio fotografico" by Paolo Monti, cc-by-sa-4.0
- Borgo Stretto — "567PisaBorgoStretto" by Geobia, cc-by-sa-3.0
- Basilica di San Piero a Grado — "Pisa, basilica di San Pietro Apostolo (01)" by Gianni Careddu, cc-by-sa-4.0
- Marina di Pisa — "Marina di Pisa Italy Aerial View" by Toksave, cc-by-sa-3.0
- Santa Maria della Spina — "Church Santa Maria della spina in Pisa, Italy." by Stephan M. Höhne, CC-BY-SA-3.0
- National Museum of San Matteo — "Polittico di Santa Caterina, di Simone Martini, conservato nel Museo Nazionale..." by Luca Aless, CC BY-SA 4.0
- Tuttomondo — "Tuttomondo" by Robert Szabo, CC-BY-SA
- San Michele in Borgo — "Church "San Michele in Borgo", Pisa, Italy" by Lucarelli, CC BY-SA 3.0
- Museum of the Cathedral — "Museo dell'Opera del Duomo, Pisa" by Luca Aless, CC BY-SA 3.0
- Palazzo dell'Orologio — "Pisa - Palazzo dell'Orologio" by Geobia, CC BY-SA 3.0
- Carovana Palace — "Palazzo della Carovana, Pisa, Italy" by Lucarelli, CC BY-SA 3.0
- Church of the Santo Sepolcro — "See filename" by sailko, CC BY 2.5
- Caffè dell'Ussero — "See filename" by sailko, CC BY 2.5
- Lupa Capitolina — "Lupa capitolina" by LoneWolf1976, CC BY-SA 3.0

A free travel guide — not for sale. Travel guide generated with AI on November 17, 2026. Text and layout by Tripomatic, licensed under CC BY-SA 4.0. Map data © OpenStreetMap contributors, available under the ODbL. Photos are under their own licences, as credited on this page.